The Asheville News AND MOUNTAIN FARMER.

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AGRICULTURAL.

BLACKBERRIES AND DEWBERRIES---THEIR MEDICINAL QUALITIES.

During the late war, when all the Southern ports were blockaded and our medical supplies were cut off, except as they could be obtained through the dangerous channel of blockade running, the best chemists of the South were employed in supplying the Medical Directory with those medicines most needed in camp and hospital from the native growth of our Southern forests, hills and dales, and so successful were they in their searches and experiments that, at the close of the war, the Confederate Laboratories were supplying either efficient substitutes for, or equally as good articles of medicines as those previously purchased at northern or foreign chemical works. At some future time, when our people have recovered from their present financial prostration, we have no doubt the discoveries then made, of the numerous plants growing wild and in profusion, in every Southern State, containing all the medical properties required for general use in Materia Medica, will be turned to good account and made one of the important elements in the prosperity of the Southern States.

Among those whose labors during that time contributed so greatly in bringing from our "fields and forests" to our hospitals and domestic circles the many valuable curative properties which our wild flowers, trees and shrubs contain, none did better service than FRANCIS PEYRE PORCHER, of Charleston, S. C. His work, entitled "Resources of the Southern Fields and Forests," which was published in 1863, by order of the Surgeon General of the Confederate [illegible], should have a general circulation among our people. It not only contains an accurate Botanical description of the various plants to be found among us, but also gives their medical qualities, the best and cheapest mode of extracting and preparing those properties for use, as well as their habit and proper culture.

Among the many valuable fruits and plants of which Dr. P. speaks, the blackberry occupies a high position, and he has devoted nearly four pages of his book, showing its value and the various modes of extracting its benefits.

As this berry grows luxuriantly in this section and is now coming to maturity, we take from Dr. P.'s work the following which we commend to our readers. Every family should be provided with blackberry wine and dried blackberry root for use in any emergency:

HIGH BUSH BLACKBERRY.

Bigelow considers it a powerful astringent, and is satisfied of its efficacy, administered both internally, and externally in a variety of cases admitting of relief from this class of remedies.—Dr. Chapman also speaks highly of it in the declining stage of dysentery, after the symptoms of active inflammation are removed; he asserts that nothing in his hands had done so much to check the inordinate discharges in cholera infantum—two or three doses sufficing to bind up the bowels. The decoction is made of one ounce of the root in a pint and a half of water, boiled down to one pint, of which the dose for a child is two or three teaspoonfuls; for an adult, a wine-glassful several times a day; orange peel may be added. Dose of the powdered root, twenty or thirty grains. No analysis has yet been made. In the old work on "Herbs," by Nicholas Culpepper, gentleman, "Student in Physic and Astrology," the author observes of one of the genus *Rubus*: "Either the decoction or powder of the root being taken, is good to break or drive forth gravel, and the stone in the reins and kidneys." "The berries, and the flowers, are a powerful remedy against the poison of the most venomous serpents."

LOW BUSH DEWBERRY.

This is, no doubt, possessed of astringent properties similar to the above; a decoction of the root is said to be a safe, sure, and speedy cure for dysentery—a remedy derived from the Oneida Indians.

BLACKBERRY WINE,

Is much used as a substitute for more costly foreign wines, I will introduce the following receipt for making it, communicated by Mrs. Summer, of South Carolina, by the Rev. Richard Johnson: Blackberry wine, as well as cordial made from the wild cherry, is a pleasantly stimulating beverage, useful as a cordial, capable of being medicated, and very serviceable in families, as well as in camps and hospitals. It can easily be made with whisky, or this may be omitted: It is only strange that so useful and pleasant a drink, and one within the reach of every one, should, until recently, have been so little made: "To every three pints of berries, add one quart of water; suffer it to stand twenty-four hours, strain through a colander, then through a jelly-bag, and to every gallon of the juice add three pounds of good brown sugar, the whites of three eggs beaten to a froth, and stirred in the juice; a little spice, with two dozen cloves, beaten together, and one nutmeg grated, should be put in a small linen bag and dropped in. After all are mixed, put it in a stone jug, filled up, and kept full with some of the same juice, reserved for that purpose, until it is done working, which will be in two or three weeks. Cork it tightly, and keep it in a cold place for three or four months, then pour it off into bottles, with a little loaf sugar in each bottle; cork, and seal close. If the wine is kept for twelve months, it will be still better." It is not easy to overvalue the great utility of so mild an alcoholic drink, combining slightly astringent vegetable properties, and which may be placed within the reach of almost every one. I have seen this wine of such an agreeable flavor and taste as to be preferred to more valued wines.—Cheap good wines are certainly the greatest boon that could be conferred on any country. See "Grape," *Vitis*.

The following is an approved method of making *Blackberry wine*, in vogue in St. John's, Berkley, South Carolina. I insert it in a work of this kind for its general utility, and as it forms an approved liquor which "cheers but not inebriates." Blackberries, six quarts; two pounds [illegible] brown sugar, frothed, added when the jug is nearly full. Mash the berries, pour in the water—let it remain twenty-four hours. Strain through a hair sieve, and add the sugar. Leave the jug open for two weeks, until fermentation ceases—then you *may* add a glass of alcohol. ("P. S.") See "*Cerasus*," for manufacture of "blackberry cordial."

A correspondent in the Mobile Register gives the following method of making blackberry cordial:

I recommend the use of blackberry cordial. The following is a good receipt: Bruse the berries well, and strain the juice through a bag; to each quart of the juice allow a half pound of loaf sugar, a heaped teaspoonful of powdered cinnamon; the same of powdered cloves, and a grated nutmeg; boil these ingredients fifteen or twenty minutes, skimming them well. When cool, stir into each quart a half pint of brandy; then bottle, and cork well. In case brandy and loaf sugar cannot be had, substitute good whisky and sugar-house molasses. Avoid plantation molasses, brown sugar, and bad whisky. So much for the *cure*.

To *prevent* the disorder, boil the water of the country before drinking it. The process of boiling precipitates the impurities, and when cool, the water may be poured from the sediment and used.

COMPOUND SYRUP OF BLACKBERRIES —MEDICATED BLACKBERRIES

Useful as a drink in diarrhea, and to supply soldiers in camp, either as a remedy in mild cases of diarrhea or as a vehicle for medicines. To two quarts of the juice of blackberries, add half an ounce each of cinnamon, allspice, and nutmegs, and one quarter of an ounce of cloves, well pulverized. Boil them together for fifteen to twenty minutes in a preserve pan or kettle, to get the strength of the spices; strain through a piece of flannel, then add loaf sugar to make very sweet, and while still hot add to every two quarts of the juice one pint of Cognac brandy. The dose of this for an adult is about two tablespoonfuls repeated. One-fifth portion of the mixture is brandy. The blackberry root is an easily obtained and valuable astringent. A decoction acts as an astringent, and will check diarrhea. The rind of pomegranate, which is easily portable, boiled in milk, is an excellent remedy in diarrhea in the army, to be used during scarcity of medicines. The tree grows abundantly in the Confederate States; all parts of it are medicinal.

From frequent trials, I know of no remedy for diarrhea and dysentery of teething children, superior to the decoction of the blackberry root; also, during convalescence from dysentery in adults.

DISEASES OF HOGS, ETC.

LEBANON, KENTUCKY.—Rev. Thomas C. Clelland thus gives his experience: Millions of dollars are lost to this country annually by what is called "hog cholera." Nine-tenths of this amount could as well be saved as lost. The following facts are the result of long experience and close observation, carefully compared with the experience of our most practical and successful farmers. I readily admit that there are some diseases that swine flesh "is heir to," whose surest if not only remedy is in prevention; and sometimes even this is impossible.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA is induced in hogs by sleeping in dust and wet straw, and by close confinement, followed by sudden exposure. A friend lost his stock hogs by shutting them out from their warm beds in March. Let their beds be warm and changed frequently during the winter. If this disease makes its appearance, the best thing to do is to scatter them as widely apart over the farm as possible. Some persons have kept their sick hogs on a dry lot, with not a drop of water, with apparently good effect. If you are willing to "count the cost," call in your family physician and tell him to prescribe just as he would were you the patient. Make the prescription in the form of a pill, turn the patient upon his back and drop it in his mouth and close the jaws an instant, until the pill is swallowed. I have known many instances of a speedy cure where all hope was lost. I believe that it remains for science to disclose the fact that this, and all other similar diseases, either in man or beast, are the result of animalcule or cholera fungi, invisible to the naked eye.

WORMS AND LICE.—If other diseases slay their thousands, these slay their tens of thousands. We clip the following from a public journal:

"The writer having for several years sustained a heavy loss by hog cholera, has applied his mind to discover the cause and cure of the same, and now the 'great enemy and the victory over carcasses after death I find they contain and incredible number of worms, and also of lice on the body. After making this discovery I experimented as to how the lice and worms could be exterminated in time to prevent an attack of cholera. The lice were easy to drive with coal oil; to kill the worms I steeped the herb "Jerusalem oak" in hot water until the liquor was very strong. I then mixed corn meal and fed the hogs while in health, which killed the worm before the cholera set up in the system."

No doubt worms and lice, nine times out of ten, are the cause of hog cholera. But I object to the use of the remedy. Never use coal oil. It will "drive the lice," but will not kill the nits; besides, it is very injurious to the skin, and often kills very young pigs. Soap-suds is just as effective, and far more healthy. Copperas is a far better anti-worm medicine than "Jerusalem oak," besides being a fine tonic and appetizer. This, mixed with ashes, and salt—an other excellent vermifuge—will prevent worms and give tone to the system. The best remedy for lice is grease and tar in equal parts stewed together, mixed with a very strong decoction of common tobacco. One application of this will last six months; while warm apply with the hand or mop tied to a rod. Change their beds, and if you have any old tobacco stems let your hogs sleep on them. Lice will kill hogs that are perfectly fat, by getting into their ears, eating into their eyes, and very often prevent hogs from thriving, where they do not kill them outright. The owner wonders why his hogs do not fatten. If you see nits shining thick about the neck and flanks, and great lice crawling all over the body, apply the above remedy; it will save you a barrel of corn to each hog or increase the amount of weight equal to its value. Last year the writer had a sow with seven pigs; I weaned her pigs; all but one died with lice, and that one I saved by washing it in soap-suds. The sow did not gain a pound in a week; she was restless and wild until I applied grease and tobacco, when she became tame and began to fatten finely. Two years since a friend told me he was losing all his hogs with the cholera; two or three died each day. I asked to see them; they stood with their heads down, eyes sore, heads swelled, &c. As they were too weak for the application of tobacco, I advised a bath in strong, warm soap-suds. This would kill the present crop of lice. He saved every one.

The model farmer of our county told me he had lost several hogs. He found that, in cutting in two the smaller bowels, sometimes he would kill five or six worms. Another friend was losing his little pigs; he found their ears full of lice; otherwise, perfectly fat and healthy. The most successful breeder of swine in this State gave me the result of sixty years' experience:

I prefer my pigs should come in the middle of February. I prepare a long row of square rail pens, one to each sow, fronting south, just high enough for her to stand under; the eve of her shed to reach the ground on the north side, to keep off cold winds. I fill the bottom of the pen with good dry straw, and train each sow to wait before her own door for her regular rations. I never let my sows with young pigs run on green clover, rye, or oats. Wheat or blue grass will not hurt them, but the native woods are preferable to either; clover, &c., will produce worms. In the spring, when I mark them, I prepare a tub of strong, warm soap-suds, into which I put a quart of grease and a quart of tar, and a decoction of two pounds of tobacco. Into this I immerse the shoats; they are never troubled with lice afterwards. To keep off worms I feed once a week on ashes, (say one gallon to 50 hogs,) with one pint of salt, mixed well with a quarter pound of copperas. My hogs never have the cholera, though I send five or six hundred to market annually. In feeding I never surfeit my hogs. I give them just what they can eat, but none to waste. I prefer to see them rise up with avidity to receive their daily meals.

In conclusion permit me to say that these facts and suggestions have been collected and prepared with great care, and I know they are worthy of consideration by every one who would be a successful breeder of swine. If some trouble and pains are involved in the application of the above it will repay an hundred, and, in many instances, a thousand fold. —*Monthly Report Dep't of Agr.*

RYE FOR EARLY GREEN FOOD.

The importance of a supply of green feed for stock in the spring, is very often realized at that time, but generally overlooked at the proper season of preparing for it. Experienced graziers [illegible] horses, and all stock thrive faster for an early supply of green food. Youatt says of the horse: "The Spring grass is the best physic that can be given to a horse. To a degree which no artificial aperient or diuretic can reach, it carries off every humor that may be lurking about the animal. It fines down the roughness of the legs, and except there be some bony enlargement, restores them to their orginal form and strength" To horses that cannot conveniently have a run at grass, it is especially important that a supply of green food be duly provided for.

There is no plant which so readily offers a supply for this as rye, and we suggest the sowing of a lot either for early pasturage or for cutting. It will afford a good cutting full two weeks before the clover, and so far as we know the use of it is attended with no ill effects. One of the most successful farmers we ever knew was in the habit of sowing rye in rich lots, chiefly for Spring grazing. If seeded in September, the plant becomes firmly rooted, and affords a great amount of herbage during March and April, until the clover is large enough to graze, and if the stock is then taken off, the yield of grain will be almost as good as if the crop had not been grazed.

A light rich loam is the best soil for rye. It makes a good growth of straw on ground not fit to be put in wheat.—But the richer the better of course for a good yield We would sow not less than a bushel of seed, when intended chiefly for grazing or cutting. Sow early in September.—*Rural Minnesotian.*

COMPOSTING MUCK.—John Brown, Peru, N. Y., asks if it will pay to dig and haul muck a half mile, compost it with stable and barn-yard manure, and then haul it, in the shape of compost, back to within twenty rods of the original bed and apply it to sandy soil. A good deal of talk resulted from this inquiry, the substance of which was that it would pay to do it, rather than apply it direct to the soil without composting. Some farmers haul muck three miles for this purpose, and find it to pay. Stables are kept sweet by its use as an absorbent, and the value of stable manure is greatly enhanced by littering the stables where the droppings fall, with it also the privy vaults, and distributing it through the barn-yard. If the fresh muck is used in composting, it is better to let the compost lie a few months before applying it to the soil. One gentleman recommended the use of loam, in the absence of muck; and in the absence of loam use clay as an absorbent. It will pay to do so.

CHEAPEST AND BEST PLAN OF DRYING FRUIT.

EDITORS SOUTHERN CULTIVATOR:—In the May No., inquiry is made for the cheapest and best plan for drying fruits of all kinds. In this section, the universal practice is to dry in the sun. Every one who has tried this, knows what trouble, and very frequently what entire loss of labor it involves. Sun-dried fruit cannot be kept free from worms for a year or more. Kiln-dried fruit can be kept several years without injury, and may be barrelled or sacked, and conveniently sent to distant markets. Indeed, it might be made a source of large profit. Recently I read an account from my native State, North Carolina. From Salem, situated 20 miles from R. R.—too far to ship green fruits—one single merchant shipped over $100,000 worth of fruits; another at Kernersville, within 10 miles shipped an equal amount. This shows what may be done. A drying house is indispensable to all who raise fruit.—We have an excellent fruit country; but I think it doubtful if a dozen drying houses could be found in all West Tennessee. Our crop of fruit this year is short; small fruits, however, are plentiful, and an immense amount of blackberries might be gathered in the old fields—and shall I say it, the fence corners—kiln-dried and shipped to Northern markets, at remunerative prices. Thousands of dollars ought to be made out of what goes to waste.—Our splendid country is getting the worse of wear, somewhat. A few more years will evidently teach us how to make the most of everything about us, and how to economise.

I will give a cheap plan for constructing a drying house a rough and rude concern, requiring little labor, but far better than none—one that will answer every purpose, and is within the reach of all. Get round logs, say 5 inches in diameter; make them 12 feet long, 8 feet wide notching up log cabin fashion.—Some 3 feet above the flue (mentioned below) put in two logs, 3 feet apart, to hold the fruit baskets or "hurts;" above this, another tier may be made, so the house will hold 2 dozen "hurts"—enough to make some 4 or 5 bushels of dried fruit at one time. At one end of the house, cut out a hole, say 2 feet square, for building a flue of rock or brick, the full length of house, with a chimney to run up on the inside of house; cut out, also, two logs nearly the length of house for a window, to put in and take out the fruit—this to be kept tightly closed, with a board shutter; chink and daub tight, and the house is complete: 36 to 50 hours is sufficient to dry the fruit perfectly, if the house is kept at a proper temperature. Care should be taken not to scorch the fruit. A little experience will soon teach how to manage in this respect. The fruit baskets or "hursts" are made of covenient size to handle—say 5 or 6 feet long 20 inches wide, constructed with laths or slats, 3 or 4 inches wide, either sawed or split. A durable "hurst" can be made without nails, by boring a three-fourth inch auger hole in the ends of two slats, and one in the middle, with rounds wedged, and slats wattled in.

In the "good old North State," all kinds of fruits, also vegetables, are dried beans, pumkins, &c., and last, though not least, persimmons—all of which serve a good purpose, when fresh vegetables and fruits are scarce.

Truly yours, B. F. TRANSON
Humbolt, Tenn., June 4th, 1869.

HOW TO KEEP BUTTER SWEET.—It is the easiest thing in the world. Simply put it in clean jars, and cover with a strong brine. This will keep pure butter a year, fresh and sweet, as we know by experience. It is almost equally good to put in oak casks, headed tight. This is equivalent to canning fruit.—The brine, in the case of the jar, acts as a heading, keeping the air out. But butter should be made well; we have never experimented on poor butter.—Work out the buttermilk till you have only pure 'beads' clear as rain water; but do not work so much as to break the grain, in which case you have a tough, heavy article in winter, and grease in summer. Such butter we advise no one to try to preserve.—*Cor. Rural World.*

NO TIME TO READ.—How often do we hear men excuse themselves from subscribing to a paper or periodical, by saying they have no time to read. When we hear a man thus excuse himself, we conclude he has never found time to confer any substantial benefit either upon his family, his country or himself; it is truly humiliating, and we can form no other opinion than that such a man is of little importance to society.

A Column for the Ladies.

From the Country Gentleman.

MAKING SWEET PICKLES

If for peaches—they are better to be mellow and nice for eating—peel, pack in a jar, and turn the pickle on hot, but I never boil the fruit. For pears, pickle the same as for peaches; peel and steam the pears; pack in jar; pour the pickle on hot. I use the same pickle for sour cucumbers; to prepare the cucumbers cut open, scrape out the seeds and pulp clean, and cut into pieces of a convenient size; make a weak brine in a porcelain kettle; boil till the fruit looks clear; take out as fast as it gets done, into colander to drain; pack in jar; pour the pickle on hot. Green tomatoes make an excellent pickle, but require good sharp vinegar; less sugar makes them good. Plums and cherries are also delicious pickled; they require no cooking—only pour the pickle on hot, the same as for peaches.

——To 14 lbs. of fruit, 2 pounds of sugar, 1 quart of vinegar, ½ oz of alum and 1 oz. each of cloves, cinnamon and allspice, unground; the cloves should be stuck in the fruit, a few in each one.—Dissolve the sugar and alum in the vinegar, put it over the fire, and when scalding hot, put in a part of the fruit and let it remain until you can easily pierce it with a fork; then take it out with a ladle and put it in the jar. Continue this until all the fruit is scalded. Let the syrup boil quickly for five minutes, and then pour it over the fruit. In about a week, turn off the syrup and scald it; then pour it over the fruit and cover closely, and when cold it is ready for the table. I have used this receipt ever since I have been a housekeeper—eight years—and always with success.

HOW TO ROAST A PIG.—To have it in prime order it should be from four to five weeks old, not older, and should be killed and dressed the day before roasting. Make a stuffing of bread crumbs dry, and two or three good sized onions chopped fine, and about two tablespoonfuls of finely powdered sage, well seasoned with salt and peper. Allow a little water in the pan, bake whole in a good oven, and rub often with a little bag of butter. When done, the fat should be all poured from the pan, a little water added to the brown gravy, boiled up and either poured over the pig or served in a tureen. It should be served with hot plates, apple sauce, hot, and very nice onion sauce.

CORN PUDDINGS.—Five cups milk in deep pudding dish—1 cup sugar—4 tablespoonfuls of coarse corn meal—1 teaspoonful of ground cinnamon. Stir together and bake twenty minutes. Stir together two tablespoonfuls of corn starch and 1 cup new milk. Remove the pudding from oven; mix corn starch and milk well with it; put about two ounces of butter and a little nutmeg on the top, and bake half hour. Eat with cream.

ANOTHER.—Four cups buttermilk fresh from the churn—1 cup molasses—1½ cups corn meal, a little spice, and a teaspoonful of soda. Stir well and bake 40 minutes. M. G. W.

BAKED INDIAN PUDDING.—Scald a quart of milk. Wet up a teacup of Indian meal and three tablespoonfuls of wheat flour in cold milk; stir it into the boiling milk. Then add a teacup sugar teaspoon cinnamon and half teaspoon salt. Pour the batter into a two-quart dish and fill up with cold milk. Mix, and bake slowly four or five hours. Skim-milk makes the best puddding.

ALMOND CUSTARDS.—Take a quarter of a pound of almonds, blanch and beat them very fine, and then put them into a pint of cream, with two spoonfuls of rosewater; sweeten to your palate.—Beat up the yolks of four eggs very fine and put them in; stir together one way over the fire till it is thick, and then pour it into cups.

CHOPPED PICKLES.—One gallon green tomatoes chopped fine—4 green peppers—3 onions—handful of salt sprinkled over them. Let them stand six hours—drain off the liquor and add 1 tablespoonful of ground pepper, 1 of allspice, 1 of made mustard, ½ pint mustard seed, 3 pints vinegar. Cork tight.

TOMATO KETCHUP.—One bushel ripe tomatoes—boil until soft—then squeeze through a sieve, and add one quart of vinegar, half pint salt, one oz. cloves, one oz. allspice, half oz. cayenne pepper, two oz. mustard seed, and boil the whole three hours.

GRAHAM BREAD.—Two cups sweet milk—2 cups sour milk or buttermilk ½ a cup molasses—1 teaspoon soda—with unbolted wheat meal to make a stiff batter. This cannot be beaten for bread.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

Synopsis of the Laws on the subject of Fruit Distilling.

Every person intending to distill brandy from apples, and grapes, exclusively, before entering upon the business, must—

1st. Register their stills with the assistant assessor of the divison in which they reside, as provided in section 5, act of July 20, 1868. The assistant assessors are provided with the necessary blanks for this purpose, which can be had on application.

2d. Notice must be given in writing to the assessor of the district, stating the name and place of residence of the person or persons intending to engage in distilling, and the place where said business is to be carried on; also, the kind of stills and the cubic contents thereof; the number and kind of boilers, mash and fermenting tubs, and a description of the lot or tract of land on which the distillery is situated, the size of the buildings, and of what material constructed.

3d. A bond must be filed, with at least two securities, to be approved by the assessor, in the penal sum of at least $5,000, conditioned that the party or parties will faithfully comply with all the requirements of the law relating to distillation.

4th. A survey must be made of the premises where the distillery is situated, by the assessor, at the expense of the United States.

5th. A sign with the words "Registered Distillery" upon it must be placed on the outside of the building where the distillery is situated.

6th. A book or books must be kept in form prescribed by the Commissioners of Internal Revenue for the entry of the amount of mash or wort used daily for distillation; also the amount of proof spirits produced daily.

7th. The returns must be made monthly to the assistant assessor of the amount of spirits produced and the tax paid at the time of return.

8th. No spirits can be moved from the distillery until the same is inspected and guaged and the tax paid, stamps affixed to the casks or packages containing the spirit by an officer designated for that purpose.

9th. A special tax of fifty dollars is imposed on all distillers of fruit who distill one hundred and fifty barrels or less per annum; also, a tax of two dollars per day while in operation.

All blanks and forms necessary to comply with the above can be had on application to the proper office.

A horrible affair has just been disclosed in Rutherford County, from an account of which published in the Rutherford *Star*, we condense the following: A Mr. Simmons, who has been absent in Tennessee about 18 months returned home a few days since and suspected his wife of having been unfaithful during his absence. She denied the charge. Sunday she absented herself from the house, and Mr. Simmons, hearing the barking of dogs in the woods near the house, repaired thither with a neighbor, where the sickening sight of a number of hogs devouring the body of a new-born infant greeted their sight. Mr. S. hid the mutilated remains in tree, where they were found by a man, and taken to physicians, who asserted that the child was alive and in a healthy condition when born.

Whether Mr. S. hid the body from a desire to shield his wife or from complicity in the crime is not known.

One source of burdensome taxation on the people is the great frequency of the meetings of the County Commissioners, and the tenacious persistency with which they hang on when they do meet. We venture to say if there was a legal limit to these exhaustive suctions of the public Treasurer, vulgarly called "meetings" even three or four times in the year and only of three day's duration at a time, the benefits would be much greater; while the saving to the oppressed tax payers of the State would be millions upon millions!—*Wadesboro Argus.*

The Rads of Raleigh are in a stew—Joe, my son Joe, the Governor's darling son and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, was badly whipped in a fisticuff engagement in Raleigh on Wednesday evening. Joe cussed a man, challenged him to a round at the game of fists, which was accepted, and the backyard of Tucker's Hall made the scene of the rencontre—the result was, Joe came out second best, with his face badly mashed.

CONVICTED OF MANSLAUGHTER.—We learn that Young Harris, colored, of this county, who was convicted of the murder of his step-son at the Spring term of Rowan Superior Court in 1869, and whom the Supreme Court granted a new trial, was tried and convicted of manslaughter at Yadkin Superior Court last week. He was sentenced by Judge Cloud to ten years hard labor in the Penitentiary.—*Old North State.*

FINE YIELD.—Mr. T. E. Brown has just threshed the wheat cut from a plat of ground containing ten acres, and a fine yield of most excellent wheat he has. The field averages a little over twenty three bushels per acre.

Mr. Samuel Reeves, Sr., has also threshed the wheat taken from a field of 14 acres which turns out a little the rise of 20 bushels per acre.—*Salisbury Examiner.*

THE DIRECT TAX.

The Washington correspondent of the Newark, N. J. *Journal*, usually well informed about such matters, says:

"Among the many results arrived at in the cogitations of Messrs. Boutwell & Co., the financial agents of the Radical "machine," is the proposed revival of the direct tax of twenty millions of dollars, authorized in the year 1861 to be levied on the people, or at least that portion of it which remains uncollected. That the plan is deemed feasible and good by the sapient Secretary of the Treasury is beyond question. Without more precise and definite information as to his immediate intentions in this matter, I should be unwilling to assert positively that he will make this a part of his policy, but I do not question that he will eventually do so. He has the *letter* of the law to back him, and as the collection of the tax will fall heavily upon the South, there is every inducement for him to put the tax gatherer into their favorite occupation, plundering the already impoverished South. In fact the resumption of this direct tax is a carefully considered measure in the Radical programme, coming upon many landed proprietors in the South, who have absolutely no money. Of course the sale of their lands ensue inevitably, and they will be bought up for a mere song by adventurers from the North, previously notified by the Federal authorities, and thus another great object of Radicalism, the *filling up of the South with Radicals to the expulsion of its native influential people.*

This point once accomplished, the lands of the South in the hands of the Yankee cotton spinners, then will come the extermination of the negro, and the bulk of the population being virtual serfs, because the dependant operatives of New England cotton lords, we have here the aristocracy and the peasantry—the two classes necessary for the imperial government which for eighty years has been the cherished dream of New England politicians. Viewed in this light the resumed collection of the direct tax is a question only of time, and judging from the haste with which Radicalism has overthrown republicanism hitherto, that time is short.

THE BLUE RIDGE RAILROAD.

The Executive Committee of the Blue Ridge Railroad Company met in Columbia last week, to consider the bids for the construction of the entire road from this place to Knoxville. On Saturday a contract was entered into with Messrs. J. V. Creswell, John J. Patterson and James M. Sellers, of Pennsylvania, for the building of the Road, including tunneling and superstructure. The work is to be commenced early in August, and pushed forward so that the entire work will be completed to Maryville Tenn., within two years from the 1st of August, 1869. The contract is said to be most favorable to the company, and has been taken at a very small percentage over the estimates of the engineer.

We understand that the Executive Committee exercised great care and deliberation in awarding the contract, and have thrown around it such guards as will certainly save the company from loss or delay. The contractors propose to expend a large amount of money in construction before they receive posession of a like amount of the assets of the company.—*Anderson Intelligencer.*

The District Attorney and Marshal of New York have been severally instructed at any and all hazards to enforce the neutrality laws, and break up expeditions against Cuba. They are empowered to call on the army and navy forces to carry out the law and prevent the departure of hostile expeditions. Gen. McDowell and the Admiral in charge of the New York Navy have been directed to respond to any call made in pursuance of the above instructions.—*Exchange.*

THE PUBLIC DEBT.—The monthly statement of the public debt issued from the Treasury Department July 1st, shows a reduction of the debt during the month of June of $16,410,000, and a total decrease since March 1, 1869, of $36,480,000. This is an average monthly decrease of over $9,000,000,

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A serious affray took place, a day or two since near this place, between Koss Miller and M. Hamilton, both colored, in which Miller received a dangerous wound from a scythe in the hands of his antagonist, and is yet in a critical condition. Hamilton made his escape.—*Rutherford Star.*

Last week Mr. William Keeter, a citizen of this County, was dangerously, if not fatally injured by falling from a precipice in Mitchell County, N. C. The fall is supposed to have been accidental, though it is rumored a man named Riddle, who was with him at the time, is suspected of foul play.—*Rutherford Star.*

What will you say when the Township officers commence operations? They must have a living, or part of one, wrung from the earnings of those who pay taxes. The splendid beauties of our new Constitution are not half apparent, yet!!—*Charlotte Democrat.*

We learn that a man named Glass was stabbed and seriosuly injured, at Brindletown, last Friday night, by Edward Howard and another man whose name we did not learn. The cause of the affray is not known.—*Rutherford Star.*

Asheville News and Farmer.

Friday, July 23, 1869.

ROBERT M. STOKES, } Editors,
GEORGE W. SITES. }

TERMS—*Strictly in Advance:*

$3.00 per annum. $1.50 for six months.
Country produce taken, at market prices, for subscription.

CLUB RATES—FOR CASH:
5 Copies, $12 50; 10 Copies, $20 00.

ADVERTISING.

1 square (10 lines or less) first insertion...$1.00
Each subsequent insertion..... 50

Liberal discount made for advertisements inserted for three months or longer.

Hereafter all Obituary Notices over ten lines will be charged as advertisements.

COURT ORDERS.

We have reduced the price for publishing Court orders to $8, TO BE PAID STRICTLY IN ADVANCE. Clerks and others having such orders for publication will save their time in writing and the expense for postage by not sending them to us unless they send the cash.

NOTICE THE X MARK.

Each subscriber who finds a ⋈ mark on his paper is thereby reminded of two important facts: 1st, that we have adopted the cash system, irrespective of persons, and 2d, that the time for which they subscribed has expired, and, unless they renew, the paper will be discontinued to them *in two weeks.*

Asheville Church Services.

PRESBYTERIAN.—Rev. H. H. BANKS.—Services every Sabbath at 10½ o'clock, A. M., and 3½ P. M. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock, A. M.

METHODIST.—Rev. L. K. HAYNES.—Services every Sabbath at 10½ o'clock, A. M., and 7 P. M. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock, A. M.

EPISCOPAL.—Rev. JARVIS BUXTON.—Services every Sabbath at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 4 P. M. Sunday School at 9½ o'clock, A. M. Colored Sunday School at 3 P. M.

BAPTIST.—Rev. THOS. STRADLEY.—The Pastor being absent, the services are irregular at present. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock, A. M.

NOMINATING MEETING.

We are requested to announce that a meeting of the voters of this, the 9th, Township, will be held in the Court House on Monday morniug the 26th inst., to select candidates for Township officers. A general attendance is necessary.

☞We are requested to announce that the Rev. Dr. J. J. O'Connell, of Columbia, S. C., will deliver a lecture in the Court House at this place, on Sunday evening, 25th inst., at 5 o'clock. The citizens generally are respectfully invited to attend.

☞What is the reason why the contractors to whom was let the building and repairing of bridges in the county, do not go to work? The French Broad Bridge, particularly, is dangerous to life and limb, and ought to have been rebuilt or repaired long ago. The Commissioners were very particular about awarding the contracts; and contractors were equally particular in their anxiety to get them. What causes the delay? We have a right to know, and pause for a reply.

☞The Commencement Exercises at the Leicester Academy, under the direction of Rev. Mr. Holmes, took place on the 15th and 16th insts., and passed off most happily. Examinations, recitations and declamation were the burden of the exercises, in which the proficiency of the pupils excited general remark, and reflected much credit upon the teachers. On the second day Dr. Purcell delivered an address upon "Education based on Virtue and Religion," no less than 400, and perhaps 500, people being present. The school is a good one, and we trust that it, in common with all our schools, will flourish.

☞For the first time, since we have been connected with the "News," we have the gratifying apology to make that *new advertisements* have crowded out much reading matter prepared for this week.

We take this occasion to say that, although our subscription list is not one half so large as it should be, the "News" is the best paper to advertise in, for the two following reasons:

1st. We have a larger circulation than our Radical neighbor.

2d. The *News* is taken by the most respectable, intelligent and responsible people in Western North Carolina. As reports are in circulation contrary to the above, we invite comparison.

☞Our enterprising friend, Capt. Ray, met with a mishap on Wednesday evening last while riding out in a buggy. His horse became frightened, and dashing off at full speed, tossed the Capt. very unexpectedly into Mrs. Sander's yard, bruising him but slightly but ruffling his proverbial good-temper considerably. The animal then dashed around the square, until he reached the enclosure back of Good Roberts' store, where he smashed things generally. It is not known what frightened the horse, but we will observe that he started off just about the time our neighbor's paper was being served to its few town subscribers. Slight causes sometimes have disastrous effects.

☞Big scare in Asheville on Monday. Somebody—*somebody* always does such things—brought hither the intelligence that the work on the Eastern Division of our Railroad had been stopped; that the bonds could find no sale, and therefore no money would be forthcoming, and several other agreeable items of similar import. Contractors gathered about town looking blue and dubious; merchants, especially those who had purchased heavy stocks for the Railroad trade, looked pale and serious; citizens hurried along the streets looking black and snappish. So passed the feverish day and restless night. Tuesday came—Tuesday always *does* come—and these interesting reports were contradicted by "authority." The skies cleared as if by magic; contractors girded up their loins and departed for their respective fields of labor; merchants expanded like bladders; citizens wilted into smiles, and Asheville breathed freely as of yore.

Lamentable Suicide.

We regret to state that Mr. Joseph Gudger, residing on Swannanoa, about seven miles from Asheville committed suicide on Sunday last by hanging himself. His absence from the house being remarked, search was made for him, and his lifeless body was found suspended in the cutting room of his barn. Mr. Gudger was about 70 years of age, had a large family, was in easy circumstances, and was respected by his acquaintances. No cause can be assigned for the rash act, excepting that his disposition had of late become somewhat petulant, and it is supposed his mind was affected.

The Township Elections.

If our Conservative friends are in earnest in their desire to carry the approaching township elections, it behooves them to exercise the cardinal campaign virtues of activity and vigilance: these virtues must beam out like the sun, dazzling our dyed-in-the-wool opponents so that they cannot see straight, awakening the dormant among ourselves, encouraging the weak-kneed and faltering, assuring the faithful and ever true, and giving to all the blessed promise of a glad fruition.

Our opponents are awake and in harness; their slogan has sounded; their clans have gathered, and like the ghost of their great apostle "they are marching on." As of old, they are using every endeavor to blind the people to the true issues, and think to win again by the exploded tactics and worn out battle shouts of their former triumphs. Most greviously will they err. Said the great Junius: "People are sometimes wrong in their opinions, in their feelings never." The people, act as they may, are ever well-intentioned. They may have been wrong in the opinion as to which party would best subserve their interests, but have never been wrong, nor are they now, in feeling that they want good government, equal justice to all men, economy in the public expenditures, low taxes, and that strict attention to the public welfare which it is the duty of their servants to give, and their own prerogative to demand.

For ourselves, we are for honesty in the public service against the notorious turpitude which now reigns, for capability against ignorance, retrenchment against lavish expenditure and for general overthrow of the entire mountain of corruption which now disgraces the State in the eyes of the world, which has destroyed our credit, piled upon us tax after tax, tormented us with all sorts of out landish laws so that one half of us can hardly tell upon which end we are standing, and which squats upon the body politic like the head devil in a full-grown nightmare.

To accomplish this reform and this retrenchment, we must fight little things with the same energy that we would exhibit in fighting big things. To carry the citadel we must first carry the outposts. These taken, the former will be less difficult to win in the glorious days to come. It is for this reason, among others, that we are more than ordinarily solicitous regarding the township elections. Much depends upon them. More than people think. They will be the outposts from which we can make our future triumph more certain and easy than if they were in the hands of our opponents. *Their* leaders know this; *they* know the magnitude of the stake for which they are playing; and like old giant Pagan in the Pilgrim's Progress, they are sitting at the doors of their caves, grumbling, growling, and biting their nails because things are not as they were a year or so ago when they had us dead sure in their power. If the stake was a trivial one, we would not find the Raleigh *Standard* bellowing like the biggest bull in Bashan for the rank and file to stick to their colors. It knows that the "rank and file" are no longer to be depended upon; that they have become disgusted with the exactions and commotions of the past, and are turning their longing eyes to the better times insisted upon by the Conservatives. The door of the Conservative party is wide open to all the honest men whose opinions have been opposed to it, but have been convinced to the right. We say to them "Come in," but don't come with the cloven foot sticking out, branded all over with the ominous word "Office," Come in, sit in our temple, serve at our political altars, and if we find you to be true and honest men, you shall in good time, be declared in full communion.

Go to work, then, all of you. Join hands in the labor. Nominate good, capable and deserving men whom you never have, and never expect to be ashamed of. WORK for their election. Then elect them, and your reward will be seen in the happier times that will soon dawn upon the community.

Register! Register!! Register!!!

The Raleigh *Standard* says: "We have received many letters inquiring as to the manner in which registration for the August elections should be conducted. In reply we would say, that according to a recent decision of the Attorney General the registration *must be an entirely new one.*"

The same article informs us that the books for registration are furnished from the office of the Secretary of State: if so, we would like to know if they have been furnished for all the western counties, and if they are NOW open, as the law provides, for the reception of names? Our Conservative friends must see to this. The radicals intend to cheat us out of this election, IF THEY CAN, knowing full well they can never carry it honestly; and our people must stand up for and demand their rights under the law. Let every Conservative register at once. Let nothing stand in the way. Let these radicals know that all their contemptible chicanery can avail nothing against a people who understand their rights and dare to demand them.

Another Jail Delivery.

The two colored convicts, confined in Asheville jail, effected their escape on Wednesday night last, by crawling through the third-story wall at the same hole by which Col. Keith and his companions made their exit. The fugitives are Robert Spears and Knowledge Jones, who had been sentenced to the penitentiary for two and three years respectively. It is hardly worth while to put prisoners in our jail under present circumstances, for it is miserably superintended, and is not the strongest place in the world. We have no doubt that some poor devil will be killed yet in trying to creep out through Col. Keith's "hole." A long card may be confidently expected next week from our Solicitor, proving to everybody's satisfaction that the Conservatives planned and managed this escape, and that the prisoners had a pick axe, crow-bar, and several other little things "conveyed to them in a sweetbread."

The Homestead Law Retrospective.

The Supreme Court of this State has decided, according to the *Standard*, "that the Homestead and Personal Property Exemption, provided for by the Constitution and the laws of North Carolina, is constitutional and *retrospective*, that it operates to protect property against debts contracted prior to the adoption of the Constitution."

It is possible that the opponents of the law will now essay to carry it before the Supreme Court of the United States.

Our Railroad Contractors Belied.

It is well known that although we have cast a critical eye upon the *prime* management of the W. N. C. R. R., and honestly cautioned the people against putting a too childish confidence in the stock-brokers and money-lenders who were unfortunately at its head, we have never failed, in one single particular, to exert all our energies in promoting its welfare, and urging on its completion. Where there was reason, we have chidden, and wherever we could, we have commended. And at this time, when the murmurs of discontent are becoming louder and deeper and more general, we shall not be lacking in our efforts to uphold the great public work of Western North Carolina, to sustain the men who have the labor in hand, and to defend them from the unwarranted aspersions of disappointed aspirants, or the attacks of those who would thrive by their misfortunes.

That a systematic attempt has been made, and is still being made, by designing persons to injure or retard our railroad, especially on its Eastern Division, by the dissemination of reports cunningly calculated to deter laborers from coming hither to seek work upon it, has long been patent to us, but we have never been able to trace these reports, or clearly understand their real *animus*. We first heard of them some six weeks ago, as being current in Rutherford and other counties interested in the speedy completion of the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad. They received from us an immediate and emphatic contradiction, with a request to our cotemporaries, the *Vindicator* and *Star*, to give additional publicity to our denial. This, for reasons best known to themselves, they neglected to do, but we will charitably suppose they overlooked our article.

These reports have since assumed a graver and more aggravating form, and been industriously circulated. In the Raleigh *Standard* of the 30th ult., appeared an anonymous communication written ostensibly in the interests of the laborer, but in reality an attack upon the contractors on the Western N. C. R. R., and evidently designed to repel laborers from "the middle and eastern portion of the State" from coming this way to assist in building our road. Under the guise of "a picture true to the letter," this communication is but a tissue of misstatements and whole-cloth fabrications from its Alpha to its Omega. As an imaginative writer, the author might possibly be a success; as a setter-down of facts, he is a most lamentable failure. Be that as it may, the matters charged appeared to be so grave in their character, that some of the contractors on the Eastern Division deemed it necessary, or at least, advisable, to defend themselves from the aspersions of this assassin of private reputation, and sneaking enemy to the public interests. Consequently, a card appeared in a late number of the *Standard*, signed by Messrs. Ames, Askew, Hunt & Co., Halyburton & Co., and Chambers & Avery, in which the mean attempt to injure the road was denounced in appropriate terms, and the brand of falsehood set upon the brow of the anonymous scribbler who made the attempt. From this latter communication we take the following:

"Your correspondent in that communication evidently intends to create in the minds of the laboring class an impression that to come to the Western North Carolina Railroad, would be but to throw themselves into the hands of men who ing man of his wages. The effect of his article can be plainly seen, which is either to make political capital or else to deter laborers from coming to Western North Carolina to work, and thus to prevent the completion of this great work.

* * * * * * * *

The author of this article has made a sweeping assertion in regard to all the contractors on the Western Road, and then with a great deal of self complacency signs himself "Justice." Again, we pronounce his statement false in every particular but the one above mentioned, and without hesitation sign ourselves."

We trust our exchanges throughout the middle and eastern portions of the State will briefly but emphatically deny all reports calculated to deter labor, either white or black, from coming this way to our assistance. Laborers can obtain good work, plenty of it, at fair prices on the Western North Carolina Railroad.

Negro Row.---A Base Calumny.

On Sunday night last a number of disorderly negroes "rocked" the house of a colored man close to town, against whom they had conceived a spite. On Wednesday night, the domicile of another colored man, opposite our office, was treated in the same way. A citizen, aroused from his slumbers by the noise, went to his window and recognized at least one of the assailants as a colored man. We understand, upon the authority of a reliable colored person, that both these demonstrations were connected, and that the difficulty originated in jealousy concerning the wife of one of the parties. No whites were connected with either affair.

P. S. Since writing the above we notice an anonymous communication in the *Pioneer*, alluding to the above matter, and endeavoring to create the impression abroad (for it cannot be done here) that it was a political demonstration! The author of that communication is a COWARDLY, LYING SCOUNDREL, who deserves to be whipped at a cart's tail from one end of the county to the other for endeavoring to fasten an undeserved stigma upon our law-abiding citizens. This is strong language seldom admissable into the columns of a newspaper but under the circumstances it is pardonable and the writer holds himself personally responsible for every word of it. Just such attempts as these are made prior to every election by contemptible, soulless tricksters who adhere to our opponents, and we are glad for the sake of humanity that even *they* have in their ranks but a few who are so irredeemably lost to all sense of shame as to descend to these lowest depths of moral, social and political degradation. The hope of these "workers in lies and iniquity" is that a sufficient impression can be made upon the Governor to warrant him in ordering out a militia force, so that our township election, which they know is strongly against them, may be thrown into confusion and inure to their benefit. We have sufficient confidence in Governor Holden to believe that he will not exert his prerogative to bolster up a lie, and against the united voice of the better disposed of our people of all political opinions.

☞The President has set apart the 23rd day of November next for the State election in Mississippi, and the 30th of same month for the election in Texas. Conservative victories are confidently anticipated.

Our Triumph in Virginia.

The Raleigh *Standard*, true to its nature, has made another agile leap upon the political carpet. *Before* the Virginia election it solemnly averred that Wells was the true exponent of Republican principles in that State, and that his defeat would be a calamity. Now that the election is over, and Wells defeated by a stunning majority, the *Standard* throws up its hat, claps its hands, and hurrahs for the great Republican (!) victory achieved by Walker!

Shutting our eyes for a moment to the *Standard's* previous position, we are glad to find it delighted for once with the same thing that delights us. However, the truth is, that Walker's election was a victory of the people over radical proscription and corruption. It is not claimed as a Democratic, Conservative or Republican triumph. The people were not divided into Whig, Democrat, Federal, Confederate, Rebel or Union; they had the sense to know that all those old issues were dead and buried; that ALL men were for the Union—a Constitutional Union. Consequently, the decent, intelligent and patriotic men of all previous shades of opinion came upon the common platform of peace, good-will, selection of capable officers, economy in the public expenditures and honesty in the general administration of the government. The result was that radicalism fell! The bow of promise is already arching Tennessee, and the waves of peace are sweeping towards Mississippi and Texas. These States will be redeemed and disenthralled. Had our own State waited, it might have been as well with us, but our day of triumph, though deferred, is coming.

☞The radicals of New Hanover county have split all to flinders. The cause is the rapidly increasing hostility between the carpet-baggers and our native people.

Asheville Prices Current.

CORRECTED WEEKLY
EXPRESSLY FOR THE NEWS AND FARMER,
BY CLAYTON, RAY & BURNETT.

Wheat, bus.	to	Tallow, lb.,	12½
Rye, "	to 1 00	Beeswax, "	to 30
Corn, "	85 to 1 00	Molasses p.r gal.,	75
Meal, "	85 to 1 00	Dr'd Apples,	—
Oats, "	50	" Peaches,	—
Potatoes, bush. good,	—	Jeans (coun'y)	60 to 1 00
" sweet "		Cotton Yarn,	2 15a2 25
Flour, 100lbs	5 00 a 5 50	Feathers, new, lb.	50
Bacon, per lb	17 to 20	Leather, sole, "	40 to 50
Butter, "	dull, 20	" upper, "	60 to 75
Lard, "	to 20	" harness, "	65
Chickens, each	15	Beef Hides, dry,	20 a 21
Eggs, per doz.	10 to 12½	" " green,	10 a 12
Cheese, p'r lb,	25 to 31	Rags, cotton p'r lb	2 1-2
Flaxseed, p'r bush.	1 50	Honey,	10 to 12½

Fourth Round

Quarterly Meetings for Asheville District.

Asheville Station, July 31st and August 1st.
Asheville Circuit, Reems Creek C. G., Aug. 7--8
District Meeting Mills River Academy, " 13..14
Marshal Circuit, Jewel Hill, " 21..22
Mills River Cane Creek, Hendersonville, at Shaw's Camp Ground, Aug. 28..29
Catawba Circuit at Union Camp G. Sept. 4..5
Sulphur Springs at Asbury Camp G. " 11..12
Burnsville, at Cane River, " " 18..19

Let all the people come to these meetings, full of faith, hope and love.

JNO. BORING, P. E.

Third Round of Quarterly Meetings.

Asheville,.....July 31, and August 1st,
Waynesville,.....Aug 7–8
Reems Creek,..... " 14–15
Yancy County, Cain River,..... " 28–29
Turkey Creek,.....Sept. 4–5
Tabernacle,..... " 18–19

T. HOPKINS, Presiding Elder.

NOTICE.

To all whom it may Concern!

I HEREBY FORBID THE SALE, purchase, or holding of two several notes, given by myself and D. Reynolds, to I. B. Sawyer, as Master in Equity, for the estate of Israel Beard, dec'd, said notes having been paid.

Also, one note on the estate of A. Reynolds, dec'd, given also to I. B. Sawyer, M. E., which has likewise been paid.

Mr. Sawyer informs me that all the above notes have been burned.

JOHN REYNOLDS.
July 23. 429 2t

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

ON SATURDAY, the 28th day of August next, I will sell, at the Court House door in Hendersonville, N. C., W. D. Miller's land—the place where he now lives—lying on the French Broad River, in Henderson County, containing some THREE HUNDRED ACRES. A great portion of the land is of good bottom quality, and has on it a

SPLENDID RESIDENCE,

other good buildings and a good Orchard, and is situate 5 miles from Hendersonville, on the road leading to Waynesville, N. C.

TERMS:—Two hundred dollars cash, and a credit of twelve months for the balance. Purchaser must give good and sufficient security.

J. D. HYMAN, *Assignee.*
July 23. 429 5t

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

ON MONDAY, the 30th day of August next, I will sell on the premises, for cash, the interest of Andrew J. Miller in a valuable tract of land in Transylvania County, lying on the French Broad River, containing some FIVE HUNDRED ACRES, a large portion of which is

First Class Bottom Land,

in a high state of improvement. The land is known as the "ALLEY GASH FARM."

Persons wishing to invest money in the French Broad Valley will find this a good opportunity to do so. This place is located some fourteen miles from Hendersonville, directly on the Jones Gap Road, leading from Sulphur Springs, Buncombe County.

J. D. HYMAN,
Assignee in Bankruptcy.

At the same time and place, I am authorized to state that the interest of C. L. S. Corpening in said land can also be purchased.

J. D. HYMAN.
July 23, 429 6t

HOLSTON CONFERENCE FEMALE COLLEGE.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

THE Fall Term of this old and popular Institution opens on THURSDAY, 5th OF AUGUST, with competent and skilful Teachers in all the Departments.

TERMS PER SESSION OF TWENTY WEEKS:

Tuition From - - -	$12 to $20 00
Fee for Incidental expenses - -	3 00
Board Including Washing and Lights	75 00
Music and use of Instrument -	22 50
Languages, Ancient and Modern, each	8 00

Charges for Painting, Drawing, &c., moderate.
Each Pupil furnishes her Towels, Toilet soap, and one pair of Sheets and Pillow Cases.
For further information send for Catalogue.

JAS. S. KENNEDY, President.

THE GREAT

RAILROAD SENSATION!

CLAYTON, RAY & BURNETT,

Would call attention to their

NEW STOCK OF GOODS

TO ARRIVE ON SATURDAY NEXT.

Embracing

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

HATS, SHOES AND GAITERS.

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

Ready Made Clothing,

AND NOTIONS.

FAMILY GROCERIES,

Embracing Black and Greeen Teas, Extra "C" and Crushed Sugars, Laguyra Coffee, Soda, Rice, and almost anything else good to eat or to make good things with.

We pay the highest prices for all marketable produce

"COME AND SEE."

July 23. 429 tf

State of North Carolina.

BUNCOMBE COUNTY.

In the Superior Court.

John G. Chambers, as Administrator of John Brigman, *Plaintiff*, *Against* Alfred Brank and Lucretia his Wife, Catharine Chambers, James Sawyer and Nancy his Wife, William Jenkins and Polly his Wife, Susannah Barrett, Kelsey Brigman, Robert Brigman, Jos. B. Chambers and Lucinda his Wife Mel Brigman and Polly his Wife, May Brigman and Lucinda his Wife, Samantha Brigman, an infant, Lucretia Brigman, " John Brigman, " Monroe Brigman, *Defendants.* } Special proceedings to sell Real estate for payment of debts.

ORDER FOR SERVICE BY PUBLICATION

IN the above action, it appearing from the affidavit of the Plaintiff,

I. That the defendant, Kelsey Brigman, cannot, after due diligence, be found in the State.

II. That the said defendant is not a resident of this State, but is one of the heirs at law of John Brigman, deceased.

It is ordered,

1. That service of the Summons be made by publication in the Asheville *News and Mountain Farmer*," once a week for at least six successive weeks.

2. That a copy of the Summons and complaint in this action be forthwith deposited in the Post Office by the said Plaintiff, directed to the said Defendant, at his usual place of residence, if the same be known to said Plaintiff; and said Summons shall be deemed to have been served at the expiration of the time of publication prescribed by this order.

Given at Office, this 20th day of July, 1869.

J. E. REED, Clerk.

July 26, 1869. 429 6t

State of North Carolina.

BUNCOMBE COUNTY—SUPERIOR COURT.

W. D. Rankin and R. W. Pulliam—Trading under the Firm and style of Rankin & Pulliam *vs.* George W. Shackleford. } Attachment.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the Defendant, George W. Shackleford, is a non-resident of this State, and that he is indebted to the Plaintiffs in the sum of five hundred and seventy-seven dollars and fifteen cents due upon and evidenced by a judgment obtained in the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of the County and State aforesaid, at the January Term, 1859; It is therefore ordered that publication be made in the *Asheville News and Mountain Farmer*, a newspaper published in the town of Asheville and County and State aforesaid, once a week for four successive weeks, notifying the said Defendant that the Warrant of Attachment in this cause is returnable before the Clerk of the Superior Court of Buncombe County, at his office in Asheville on the 14th day of August 1869, when and where the Defendant is commanded to appear and answer the complaint of the Plaintiffs in this behalf on file.

J. E. REED, Clerk, S. C.

July 23 429 4t

State of North Carolina.

BUNCOMBE COUNTY,

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

A. T. Summey, Trustee, &c. *vs.* G. W. Shackleford. } Attachment.

IT appearing, from the affidavit of the Plaintiff, that the Defendant is a non-resident of this State, and that he is indebted to the Plaintiff in the sum of one hundred and eighty-nine dollars, by two notes under seal, each for ninety-nine dollars and fifty cents, and each bearing interest from 8th day of November, 1861; It is ordered that publication be made in the *Asheville News*, a newspaper published in Asheville, for four successive weeks, notifying the Defendant to appear before me at my office in Asheville, on the 14th day of August next, then and there to answer the complaint filed, or judgment will be entered against him for said demand and costs. July 23, 1868.

J. E. REED, Clerk.

July 23. 429 4t

State of North Carolina.

JUSTICE'S COURT—MADISON COUNTY.

Before THOMAS J. RECTOR, Esq.

William M. Cocke. *vs.* James A. Keith and Stephen Marchbanks } Attachment.

IT appearing, from the affidavit of the Plaintiff, that the Defendants are non-residents, and that they are indebted to the Plaintiff by note, balance principal and interest, in the sum of one hundred and eighteen dollars and forty-nine cents; It is ordered that publication be made in the *Asheville News*, for four successive weeks, notifying the Defendants to appear before me at my office in Marshall, in said County of Madison, on the 21st day of August next, then and there to answer the complaint of the Plaintiff, or judgment final will be rendered against them. July 17, 1869.

THOMAS J. RECTOR,

J. P. Madison County.

July 23 429 4t

State of North Carolina.

SUPERIOR COURT—MADISON COUNTY.

William M. Cocke, *vs.* James A. Keith. } Attachment.

IT appearing, from the affidavit of the Plaintiff, that the Defendant is a non-resident, and that he is indebted to the Plaintiff by note, in the sum of five hundred dollars and interest from the 25th November, 1868; It is ordered that publication be made in the *Asheville News*, for four successive week, notifying the Defendant to appear before me at my office in Marshall, on the 21st day of August next, then and there to answer the complaint of the Plaintiff, or judgment will be entered against him for said demand and costs.

J. J. GUDGER, Clerk.

Suly 23. 429 4t

RICHLAND INSTITUTE,

Haywood Co., N. C.

THE FALL SESSION of this well known Institution, for Males and Females will begin July 19th and end Dec. 3d, under the charge of HORACE L. KING, Principal, and Miss M. C. CRAWFORD, Assistant.

CHARGES,

PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS, HALF IN ADVANCE.

Primary Department, Sec. 1st, -	$ 5 00
Primary Department, Sec. 2d, -	6 50
Second Department, - - -	9 00
Third Department, - - - -	12 50
Fourth Department, - - - -	15 00
Contingent Fee, - - - - -	50

Pupils will be charged from the time they enter until the close of the Session, except in cases of protracted illness. Ministers' children admitted at half price.

The morals and manners of pupils will receive special vigilance.

Board, per Month, - - - $7 50

For further particulars address the Principal, at Richland Valley, N. C.

J. W. KILLIAN, Sec'y Board.

July 23. 429 3t

North Carolina Land Company.

RALEIGH, July 2, 1869.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—We are receiving letters daily, making inquiry as to the connection of the North Carolina Land Company, with the agency in this city that is carrying on the Lottery business.

We wish to inform the public generally, that our Company is a SEPARATE and DISTINCT organization, conducted upon entirely different plans and presided over by different officers.

GEORGE LITTLE, President.

R. W. BEST, Secretary.

July 23 429 1m

IMPORTANT SALE.

VALUABLE TANNERY,

WITH STEAM ENGINE, and portable GRIST MILL attached; and Machinery for making SHOES and HARNESS,—and for Cutting, Spliting and Rolling Leather for sale.

SALE FOR PARTITION.

BY virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Buncombe County, rendered at the Spring Term there of 1869 in the case of Washington Morrison and others against Samuel G. Kerr. I will offer to public sale, to the highest bidder, on the 18th day of September next, at the door of the Court house in Asheville, N. C., a lot of land situated within the Corporation of said town, containing about six acres, on which is one of the most valuable and desirable Tanneries in Western North Carolina, with forty-five vats, all constructed after the most modern improvements; attached to which is a Steam Engine of fifteen horse power, and a portable Grist Mill. The Steam Engine and Grist will be sold separately.

A Credit of one and two years will be given for the purchase money. Bond with approved security will be required, bearing interest from date, and a lien retained upon the property until all the purchase moneya nd accruing interest thereon is fully paid. Cash in hand sufficient to pay costs of proceedings will be required.

Also, at tha same time and place there will be sold a lot of Machinery for making Shoes, Harness, &c., consisting of Sewing machines and machines for Cutting and Rolling leather.

Terms made known on day of sale. Said property and machinery, are in excellent condition, and offer a rare opportunity to capitalist for desirable investment.

J. E. REED, Clerk.

Raleigh *Sentinel*, Knoxville *Press* and *Herald* insert twice and send Bill to this office.

July 15, 1869. 428 4t.

SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

AT ASHEVILLE.

PUPILS WILL BE RECEIVED on the following terms, per Month:

Primary English Department, - -	$2 00
More advanced English, - - - -	3 00
The same with Latin *or* Greek, - -	5 00
The same with Latin *and* Greek, - -	6 00

Pupils desiring to pursue a partial Course can receive private instruction by special arrangement.

Bills are payable at the end of each month.

Apply to REV. G. T. WILMER, D. D.

July 16. 428 3t

NOTICE.

THE undersigned. Agent for the Holston Salt and Plaster Company, Saltville, Virginia, has now for sale at Leicester, N. C., 100 Sacks of Salt. L. CHAPMAN.

July 9, 1869 426 tf

NOTICE.

SEALED proposals will be received till first Thursday in August, 1869, for the repairing of the foot bridge across the branch in south end of town. Plan and Specifications for repairs will be found at Store of G. T. Spears, to whom proposals must be addressed.

THOS. D. JOHNSTON, *Mayor.*

July 9, 1869. 426 2t

C A R D.

LEICESTER CHAPMAN,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

AND

Dealer In Country Produce

AND

General Merchandize

LEICESTER, N. C.

July 9, 1869 426 tf

MORE NEW GOODS!

CLAYTON, RAY & BURNETT.

FRESH arrivals of Dress goods, Prints, Ribbons and Flowers and Ladies Hats.

ALSO

Fresh Buckwheat Flour in 25lbs. Sacks.

A FEW BUSHELS SEED BUCKWHEAT.

Large lot family Flour, Lard, Bacon, Corn and Corn meal, More of that good Coffee still on hand.

June 10 423

N. W. WOODFIN. C. M. MCLOUD.

WOODFIN & McLOUD,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

AND

SOLICITORS IN BANKRUPTCY,

Will practice together in the counties of Buncombe, Madison, Yancey, McDowell, Henderson, Transylvania and Haywood.

OFFICE, Asheville, N. C., at the Law Office of N. W. WOODFIN, where one of the firm can always be found, unless absent at one of the above Courts.

Feb. 25. 408 1y

INTERESTING CONTRACTS.

AT

CLAYTON, RAY & SMITH'S

FRENCH BROAD N. C.,

MAY be made on good terms contracts for Ladies Hats, new Prints &c &c, just received. Call and see.

June 8th 423

WAYNESVILLE ACADEMY.

WAYNESVILLE,

Haywood Co., North Carolina.

THE THIRD SESSION of this Institution will begin on Monday, the 9th of August, and continue twenty weeks.

The course of instruction is Classical and Commercial, such as to prepare young men for College, or give them a practical business education.

Special attention given to young men preparing themselves for Teachers.

Tuition per Session:

Primary Department, Sec. 1st,	$ 5 00
Primary Department, Sec. 2d,	7 50
Intermediate Department,	10 00
Advanced English,	12 50
The same with Latin and Greek,	15 00
Book Keeping, Double Entry, extra	5 00

Pupils will be charged from the time they enter until the close of the session, except in cases of protracted illness.

Board can be obtained in the Village, and around it, at $6 per Month.

No pains will be spared in giving Pupils every facility for acquiring an education.

For further particulars address the Principal at Waynesville.

JOHN M. M'IVER, *Principal.*

July 1. 426 4t

SELLING OFF AT COST

AT

McDOWELL & SPEARS

HAVE just received and will continue to receive new Goods of every style and kinds, consisting of

DRY GOODS

of the latest Patterns and fashions. HATS AND CAPS for Ladies, Misses, Men and Boys

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN'S

BOOTS AND SHOES

of all styles, prices and character. A FINE LOT OF

HARDWARE

SUITABLE FOR THIS MARKET.

GROCERIES OF EVERY KIND.

They are determined not to be excelled in quality of Goods or Cheapness in price.

Call and examine for yourselves at the old stand in the Cape Fear Bank Building.

WANTED BY THE

NORTH CAROLINA

Home Insurance Company.

AN active Agent in every county in the Western part of the State. Applications, with recommendations, should be made to the General Agent at his Headquarters in Asheville. The General Agent will also visit the Western Counties in person, and will receive applications by mail for Insurance against FIRE, LIGHTNING and TORNADO. None but *live* men need apply for Agency. ROBT. B. VANCE,

General Agent, N. C. Home Insurance Co.

Asheville, Feb. 25. 408 tf

THE CAROLINA HOUSE.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

OUR friends and the public generally will please take notice that the "Carolina" is now open for TRANSIENT and REGULAR BOARDING. This favorite and well-known house has undergone a *thorough renovation in all its departments*, and our prices are very reasonable for the times.

We hope you won't fill our friend Blair too full, and whenever he runs over, you are respectfully asked not to forget there is another house open for the same business.

B. J. SMITH, Proprietor.

June 3d 1869. 422 4t

FINAL NOTICE.

IS hereby given to all persons indebted, by note, to the late firm of ALEXANDER & BURNETT, that all such notes are now in my hands, and my necessities compel me to collect them. I have waited long for persons to call and settle, and if this notice is not heeded they must settle with a lawyer.

J. S. BURNETT.

Asheville N. C.

June 10 423 3t.

Seltzer' Aperient,

SEWING MACHINE OIL.

COD LIVER OIL,

LINSEED OIL,

HALL'S HAIR RESTORATIVE,

Just received, at

CLAYTON, RAY & BURNETT'S.

NEW MILLINERY.

MRS. LOU. E. BENSON informs her friends that she is still attending to all kinds of work in the Millinery line.

She has some pretty bonnets and trimmings on hand, for a low price, her new stock having just arrived.

Residence at West end of Asheville, on Haywood Street.

May 27 421 1m

WANTED.

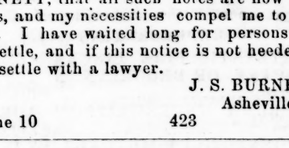
DRIED BLACKBERRIES!

25,000 POUNDS of Dried Blackberries, for which we will pay the highest market price.

We also buy Ginseng, Seneca and Black Snake Roots, at the store of

HAMMERSHLAG & CO.

DR. S. S. GRANT



DENTIST,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

April 22. 416 tf

M't Hermon Lodge, A.·. Y.·. M.·.

The Regular Monthly Meetings of this Lodge, are held at the Lodge Room, in Asheville, the first Thursday, on or before the full moon of every month, at 7 P. M., until further notice.

The meeting for the month of June, will be on the 17th.

Members of the Lodge will take due notice thereof, and govern themselves accordingly.

By order of the W.·. M.·.

J. M. ISRAEL, *Sec'y.*

Feb. 11, 1869. 406. 1y.

Wanted Immediately,

50 HEAD OF FAT BEEF CATTLE, and ONE HUNDRED HEAD OF SHEEP, for which I will pay the highest price in CASH.

W. W. SMITH.

April 29. 417 4t

E. J. ASTON,

REAL ESTATE AGENT,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

Dec. 3. 397 tf

ALEXANDER, RAY & SMITH,

At the Old FRENCH BROAD STAND,

ARE NOW RECEIVING a well Selected Stock of SPRING and SUMMER Goods, which they offer at prices as low as they can be bought *ANY WHERE IN WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA.* They purpose keeping constantly on hand such articles as

IRON, THREAD, LEATHER, COFFEE, SUGAR, &C.,

and will buy all MARKETABLE PRODUCE, AT ASHEVILLE PRICES, and pay CASH FOR HIDES. You will find it to your interest to CALL AND SEE THEM.

April 1, 1869. 413 1y ALEXANDER, RAY & SMITH.

WARM SPRINGS,

MADISON COUNTY, N. C.

Now Improved to Accommodate SIX HUNDRED GUESTS.

THIS CELEBRATED WATERING PLACE will be open for the reception and accommodation of visitors on the 1st of JUNE.

Its situation, on the French Broad River, in the Mountains of North Carolina, is wild, beautiful and picturesque; is only seven miles from the terminus of the Cincinnati, Cumberland Gap and Charleston Railroad, in a country that abounds with good Fishing and fine Hunting, and is pleasant, healthy and salubrious.

THE BAR,

Billiard and Bowling Saloons,

supplied with every article and convenience, are of the finest order. An excellent Band will be in constant attendance during the season. A DAILY LINE OF COACHES will run between the Springs and Railroad.

Visitors leave the E. T. & Va. R. R., at Morristown, via. C. C. G. & C. R. R.

ANALYSIS:

Three quarts of Water. Muriate of Lime and Magnesia, 4 grains; Sulphate of Magnesia, 6 grains; Sulphate of Lime, 16.05 grains; Insoluble residue, 2.05 grains; Loss, 1.10 grains; or 4.52 grains to the pint.

Healing Properties:

The Baths at Warm Springs will be found very generally safe and satisfactory for most persons. They are admirably suited to many cases of obstinate chronic diseases, especially to CHRONIC RHEUMATISM, PALSY, and other cases depending on obstructions and loss of vascular and muscular energy. There are also other Mineral Waters of good medicinal properties on the premises.

TERMS:

Board, per Month, - - -	$40 00
" " Week, - - -	12 00
" " Day, - - -	2 50

E. L. APPLING, Proprietor.

J. N. BOSANG, *Manager.*

June 24. 425 1m

MILLS RIVER

HIGH SCHOOL.

THE THIRD SESSION of this Institution will begin July 26th and end December 24, a margin of two weeks being allowed for losses of time.

REV. R. N. PRICE, A. M., President and Professor of Mental and Moral Philosophy.

REV. FRANK RICHARDSON, A. B., Professor of Mathematics and Natural Science.

REV. W. C. BOWMAN, Professor (elect) of Ancient Languages and English Literature.

———Teacher of Primary Department.

CHARGES:

FOR A SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS.

HALF IN ADVANCE.

Primary Department, - -	$ 7 50
Second Department, - - -	12 50
Third Department, - - - -	15 00
Contingent Fee, - - - - -	50

Board in private Families, $8 00 per month. Ministers and Minister's Children admitted at half price, as to tuition.

Books furnished in the neighborhood.

No deduction for absence, except in case of protracted sickness.

Persons are requested not to send in their Children until they shall have made satisfactory arrangement in reference to the charges of the past.

Encouraged by the attendance of NINETY PUPILS during the past session, we solicit and hope for an increased attendance during the coming term.

For particulars, address Rev. R. N. PRICE, Mills River, Henderson County, N. C., or

J. A. CORPENING, *Sec'y Board.*

June 1869. 425 6m

SCHEDULE

OF THE

Western N. C. Railroad,

STATIONS.	Going West.		Going East.	
Leave Salisbury,	3 00	A. M.	10 10	P. M.
" Tank,	3 30	" "	9 40	" "
" 3d Creek,	4 10	" "	9 03	" "
" Statesville,	5 15	" "	7 58	" "
" Catawba,	6 25	" "	6 48	" "
" Newton,	7 17	" "	5 55	" "
" Hickory,	8 12	" "	5 10	" "
" Icard,	9 02	" "	4 15	" "
Arrive Morganton	9 47	" "	3 30	" "

Connects at Salisbury with the through train on the North Carolina Railroad.

S. McD. TATE, Superintendant.

R. H. JARRETT,

CABINET MAKER,

AT

T. L. CLAYTON'S Foundry,

TWO MILES WEST OF ASHEVILLE.

THE SUBSCRIBER respectfully informs the community generally, that he is prepared to make to order, Cabinet and Household Furniture of every description, such as CHAIRS, BEDSTEADS, BUREAUS, TABLES, SETTEES. DESKS, ROCKERS, &c. in the best possible manner, and at prices that will defy competition.

The public are invited to call at G. M. Roberts' Store in Asheville, and examine my style of worknanship for themselves.

All orders left at Mr. Roberts' Store will be punctually attended to.

☞ Walnut and Cherry Lumber taken in exchange for Furniture.

R. H. JARRETT.

May 13. 419 tf

State of North Carolina.

HENDERSON COUNTY.

In the Superior Court.

Elizabeth Freeman, *vs.* Isaac R. Freeman. } Petition for Divorce, &c.

IN this case, it appearing to the Court that the Defendant is a non-resident of this State, and resides in the State of Georgia,; upon motion it is ordered by the Court that publication be made in the *Asheville News*, a newspaper published in Asheville, for six successive weeks, requiring the said defendant to appear at the next term of this Court, to be held for the County of Henderson, at the Court house in Hendarsonville, on the 10th Monday after the 3d Monday in August next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to said petition, or Judgment pro confesso will be entered against him, and the cause set for hearing ex parte.

Witness: C. M. Pace, Clerk of said Court, at office, in Hendersonville, the 26th May, 1869.

C. M. PACE, Clerk,

By J. C. Gullick, D. C.

June 3. 422 6t*

HILLSIDE SCHOOL,

Asheville, Buncombe County, N. C.

MRS. R. H. CHAPMAN hopes, with competent aids, to organize, on Monday, the 19th of April, 1869, a BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL for

YOUNG LADIES,

in which will be taught the ordinary branches of an English education, Latin, French, Musick, Drawing, Painting, &c.

TERMS PER SESSION OF TWENTY WEEKS:

Payable, Half in Advance:

English Tuition of Pupils above 12 years of age, - - - - - - -	$20 00
" " " below " "	15 00
Musick, with use of Instrument, -	22 50

Latin, French, Drawing, Oil, Antique and Oriental Painting, Wax-work and Hair-work, at the customary prices.

Board, Washing, Fuel and Lights, per month, Fifteen Dollars. No extra charges or requirements.

Having taught in New Berne and in Wilmington, N. C., from 1845 until 1861, Mrs. Chapman refers to all who were the prominent inhabitants of those cities prior to 1861.

16th March 411 1y

LANDS! LANDS! LANDS!

KEESE & McCULLY,

BROKERS AND DEALERS IN SOUTHERN REAL ESTATE.

WILL ATTEND TO THE BUYING AND SELLING OF

SOUTHERN LANDS.

Keep Constantly on hand Plats and Descriptions of Lands for Sale.

PARTIES desiring to purchase in the South, and those who desire to sell their property will find it to their interest to consult with us. We have correspondence in New York, Boston, Hartford, Conn., Baltimore and other Northern Cities.

Those who wish to sell their lands will please send us a full description and plat and deeds of the same.

Parties wishing to purchase, either North or South, will do well to correspond with us.

Any information cheerfully given. No charge is made unless sales are effected. References given on our card.

KEESE & McCULLY,

Brokers and Real Estate Agents,

Anderson C. H., South Carolina.

April 8 414 3m

C. COWAN,

Practical Watchmaker and Jeweller,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.,

In Room No. 1, Over J. M. Alexander's Store.

WISHES to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has just received a small Stock of New WATCHES, CLOCKS, and JEWELLERY, which he offers for Sale at low prices. All Watches and Clocks regulated, put in good order before leaving his shop, and warranted.

Repairing of Watches and Jewellery being his main business, all such work will be done satisfactorily, and at reasonable charges.

Particular Notice.

All articles left with me for repairs, which are not paid for and taken away within six months afterwards, will be sold at private sale for the cost of repairs, if nothing more.

C. COWAN.

April 29. 417 tf

D. C. McGREGOR'S

Carriage and Wagon Factory,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

Shop on the South End of Main St.

THE proprietor in returning his sincere acknowledgments to his numerous friends and acquaintances for the liberal custom he has enjoyed for the past ten years, would take occasion to solicit a continuance of the same.

To new customers he would say that he is prepared to execute all orders for *Carriages, Buggies, Wagons, Carts, Wheel-barrows,* with promptness, and in the most workmanlike manner.

Second Hand

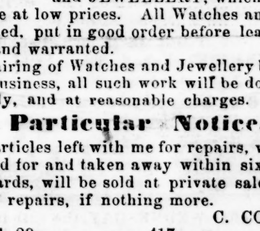
SPRING WAGONS, CARRIAGES and BUGGIES constantly for sale at low and accommodating prices.

Particular attention given to repairing, painting and trimming.

☞ Lumber, Spoke Timber, or Country Produce taken in exchange at market prices.

D. C. McGREGOR.

May 6. 418 tf



TRY

PANKNIN'S HEPATIC BITTERS.

THEY CURE DYSPEPSIA,

AND ALL DISEASES OF THE

STOMACH AND LIVER.

THEY ARE RECOMMENDED BY THE

MEDICAL FACULTY.

HEGEMAN & CO.,

AGENTS, NEW YORK.

Manufactured by C. F. PANKNIN,

CHEMIST AND APOTHECARY,

CHARLESTON, S.C.

☞ *For Sale by Druggists Everywhere.*

Feb 25, 1869. 408 1y

NATT ATKINSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

WILL give prompt attention to all business of his Profession and the Purchase and Sale of Real Estate.

REFERS TO—Waterhouse, Pearl & Co., Bankers, New York; Col. C. H. Mills, Baltimore; Maj. Campbell Wallace, Supt. W. & A. R. R. Ga.; Hon. A. S. Merriman, Raleigh N. C.; Hon. J. L. Bailey, Asheville, N. C.,

OFFICE IN THE ROOM IN REAR OF "NEWS AND FARMER" OFFICE.

S. HAMMERSHLAG. C. H. FELDSTEIN.

GREAT EXCITEMENT!!

ARRIVAL OF NEW AND

SEASONABLE GOODS

AT THE STORE OF

Hammershlag & Co

THE subscribers respectfully announce that they have just received a fine and extensive stock of New Goods, selected by one of the firm in person, especially with a view to the wants of the people in this section, and which they offer to their customers at unprecedented low prices.

This Stock comprises a full assortment of

DRY GOODS.

Best Madder Colored Prints 16⅔ cts per yd.

Cotton Delaines.....20c per yard

Other fabrics cheap in proportion.

LADIES' HATS,

of the latest styles. LADIES' GLOVES. HOSIERY, SHOES &c. &c. to suit all tastes.

READY MADE CLOTHING

Selected with care, and of the most approved fashions. A fine and varied assortment of

HARDWARE, CROCKERYWARE, SOAPS AND PERFUMERY.

GROCERIES.

A full and fresh stock, which we sell as cheap as can be purchased elsewhere.

Country Produce Taken,

in exchange Goods at Cash prices.

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

One of the firm, C. H. Feldstein, will manage our business in Asheville, and always be on hand to attend to the wants of our friends.

HAMMERSHLAG & CO.

June 3d 422 tf.

SCHOOL.

THE subscriber will resume his School, at his home, on the 21st of June, inst., will receive pupils on the following terms, per session:

Primary English Department	$10 00
More advanced English Studies	15 00
Same, with Mathematics	20 00
" " " and Latin or Greek	25 00
French	5 00
Board, per month	15 00
Contingent Fee	5

Tuition and Board payable one half in advance. Session 20 weeks.

He would rather not receive young men who are not disposed to give all the school hours to study.

STEPHEN LEE.

June 10. 423. 2t.

YARBROUGH HOUS ,

Fayetteville Street,

RALEIGH, N. C.

THE Proprietor, in returning his sincere thanks to the Travelling public for the liberal patronage extended to him during his connection with this Hotel, takes occasion to assure them that no effort or expense will be spared to retain the present reputation of the Hotel as one of the very best in the South.

He is continually making improvements, and has now a BATH ROOM and BARBER SHOP connected with the Hotel.

He hopes to have the pleasure of welcoming to the YARBROUGH HOUSE his old Customers and many new friends.

J. M. BLAIR, Proprietor

August 20, 1868. 382 1y

WALTON HOUSE,

MORGANTON, N. C.

THIS popular and fashionable Summer resort will be put in thorough condition for the reception of visitors and travelers during the coming season. The reputation of this House as a FIRST CLASS HOTEL will be maintained, and if satisfaction is not given no charge will be made.

The travelling public will find *clean beds, comfortable rooms, polite and attentive servants, a good Bar, and a* FREE OMNIBUS.

Bynum and Co's Livery Stables are attached to the hotel.

The Asheville Stage arrives and departs from this Hotel and has its office in the house.

May 20 420 6m.

Cincinnati, Cumberland Gap

And Charleston Railroad

OPENED to Wolf Creek, 40 miles from Morristown and 8 miles from Warm Springs, North Carolina, on the 2d, inst.:

The Shortest, Cheapest and best Route from Western North Carolina to the East and Western Cities.

Runs in close connection with the great "Stage Line" from Norfolk to Memphis.

Connects at "Terminus" of Road, with 1st class "Stage Line" for Asheville and Morganton, N. C., and Greenville, S. C.

"Through Freight" from Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York to Wolf Creek, upon the most liberal terms.

"Wagon Road" from "Terminus" of Road to Asheville, mainly a 1st class "Turnpike."

Passengers make close connections, both at Wolf Creek and Morristown.

The patronage of the "Mountain Counties solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Farmers will find a good market at Wolf Creek, for all their productions and can procure their supplies of Staple Commodities, upon terms that must give satisfaction.

Trains run Tri-Weekly on Monday's, Wednesday's and Friday's, as follows:

Leave Wolf Creek,	6 30 A. M.
Arrive at Morristown,	9 50 A. M.
Leave Morristown,	1 45 P. M.
Arrive at Wolf Creek,	5 05 P. M.

R. C. McCALLA, Supt.

Nov. 10, 1868. 398 tf

MEDICAL NOTICE

Drs. HARDY & SUMMEY

CONTINUE to practice Medicine and Surgery and will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to them. Their office is still in the building next to the Cape Fear Bank building.

Dr. HARDY will always be found, when not on professional business, at the Eagle Hotel.

Dr. SUMMEY will be found at his residence when not on professional business.

A SPECIAL CALL.

ALL persons indebted to us are requested to make payment. Corn, Flour, Meat, or any other produce, necessary for the sustenance of man and beast, will be gladly accepted in liquidation of all indebtedness.

J. G. HARDY, D. F. SUMMEY.

Dec. 3. 397 tf

Alexander Ray & Smith.

AT the old FRENCH BROAD stand, are adding to their present Stock of Goods daily arrivals.

They are doing a fine business and their Goods and Stock are such as will soon bring to them the old custom of the stand.

May 19 419 tf.

MEMORIES.

But a line in a daily paper
Thousands of eyes would see.
And carelessly pass the record by,
That gives such a pang to me.

Yet our lives had drifted far apart—
Mine at my ingle-side;
And his, who, I read in the News to-day,
"On the 4th of October died."

And ours was a quiet liking,
A simple, friendly bond:
'Twas pleasant to meet, and light to part,
And never a thought beyond.

Yet as I read the words to-day,
Through a sudden mist of tears,
The fair, frank face, and the bright, blue eyes
Gleamed out through the cloud of years.

I heard the murmuring of the tide
On the Southern shore again,
And the echo of the pony's feet
In the sandy Southern lane.

I saw the sheen of the winding stream,
And the flashing of the weir,
Just as we watched them long ago,
In the spring of the life and the year.

Ah well! it had passed away from mine,
The life that is close at noon;
And I, who forgot to watch its course,
Will forget its setting soon.

For the world goes up, and the world goes down,
And the young succeed the old;
And the April sunshine gilds the buds
That spring from the churchyard mold.

And eyes that of old have answered mine
Will sadden as mine have done,
As they glance some day down the list, and read
That my earthly race is run.

Well, I scarce can frame a kindlier wish
Than that every lip will say,
"God rest her soul!" as earnestly
As I breathe it for his to-day.

HUNGARIAN SONG.

Tell me, my love, why are thy lips so red?
"I've bitten them myself," the maiden said.
Bitten, perhaps, but not with teeth of thine,
Some one, I fear, hath kissed thee, darling mine!

And, darling, whence the pearl-drop in thine eye?
"I've washed myself in dew," was her reply.
That is no dew-drop, but a tear I see,
And thou didst think when some one's bride thou'dst be.

The most popular and most successful Life Insurance Company in the world,

IS THE

National Life Insurance Co.,

OF THE

United States of America.

Chartered by Special Act of Congress, Approved July 25, 1868

Cash Capital paid in full $1,000,000.

NOTWITHSTANDING THE MOST VIRULENT opposition from many of the Life Insurance Companies of the United States, it has issued already 3,000 Policies, amounting to

$10,000,000,

which is an evidence of a popularity unheard of in the history of any other Company in the world, and the largest policies have been issued to prominent members of Congress, who have had their attention drawn to its attractive and exceedingly liberal features by the unsuccessful motion made in Congress for the repeal of its charter, at the suggestion of jealous companies, who knew it was impossible, but hoped thus to check its rapid strides to public favor and confidence.

The Advantages Offered by this Company Are:

It is a National Company, chartered by Special Act of Congress, 1868.
It has a paid-up capital of $1,000,000.
It offers low rates of Premium.
It furnishes Larger Insurance than other Companies for the same money.
It is definite and certain in its terms.
It is a Home Company in every locality.
Its Policies are exempt from attachment
There are no unnecessary Restrictions in the Policies.
Every Policy is Non-forfeitable.
Policies may be taken which pay to the Insured their full amount and return all the Premiums, so that the Insurance costs only the interest on the Annual Payments.
Policies may be taken that will pay to the insured after a certain number of years, during life, an Annual Income, of One-Tenth the amount named in the Policy.
No Extra Rate is charged for Risks on the lives of Females.
It insures not to pay Dividends, but at so low a cost that Dividends will be impossible.

Local Agents are wanted in every City and Town and application from competent parties for such agencies, with suitable endorsements, should be addressed to the Company's General Agent only, in their respective Districts.

General Agents of the Company.

S. L. RIDDLE, Ag't, Charlotte, N. C., for Mecklenburg and Counties adjoining
Drs. MILLER & JONES, Med. Ex., Charlotte.
P. F. PESCUD, Raleigh, General Agent for North Carolina
Dr. CHAS. E. JOHNSON, Raleigh, Medical Examiner and State Referee.
JAY COOKE & CO., Washington City, General Agents for U. S. A.
C. M. McLOUD, Asheville, Agent for Buncombe and adjoining Counties.
March 4. 409 3m

North Carolina Land Company.

Incorporated by Special Act of General Assembly

FOR THE LOCATION OF

NORTHERN AND EUROPEAN

SETTLERS,

FOR THE SALE OF

IMPROVED FARMS, TIMBER AND MINERAL LANDS, HOUSES, MINES, WATER POWERS, &C.

Also, otton, Tobacco and Naval Stores,

On consignment, and advances made on same. Improved Agricultural Implements, Fertilizers, Machinery, &c.

AND

NEGOTIATE LOANS

ON

Mortgage or other Securities.

Those having Lands or Farms for sale, will find it to their advantage to communicate with this Company.

☞No charge made unless a sale is effected, and then only 5 per cent., to be paid when sale is perfected.

OFFICERS:

GEO. LITTLE, *Pres't.* R. W. BEST, *Sec. & Treas.*

AGENTS AND DIRECTORS AT RALEIGH:

Hon. R. W. Best, Col. Geo. Little,
Geo. W. Swepson, R. Kingsland.

AGENTS AND DIRECTORS IN N. YORK & BOSTON:

A. J. Blecker, Son & Co.
Raleigh, N. C.
March 11. 410 3m

ENCOURAGE HOME ENTERPRIZE!

North Carolina Mutual Home Insurance Company.

Incorporat'd Decemb'r 1868

CHARTERED CAPITAL,	AMOUNT NOW LIABLE FOR LOSSES.
$500,000.	$150,000.

OFFICERS:

JAMES H. FOOTE, President.
W. E. PELL, Vice Pres. SEATON GALES, Sec.
R. H. BATTLE, Treasurer.

DIRETORS:

J. H. FOOTE, J. H. DAVIS,
W. E. PELL A. W. LAWRENCE,
W. R. MILLER, W. D. JONES
P. A. DUNN.

Gen. Ag't for Western N. C., Gen. R. B. VANCE.
" " Eastern " THOS. THOMPSON.

Office: First door South of Raleigh Nat. Bank, RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS HOME COMPANY, CHARTERED BY the Legislature of North Carolina, insures property against loss or damage by FIRE, LIGHTNING OR TORNADO, and does business on the Mutual and Joint Stock plans.

The character of those who control the affairs of the Company is a sufficient guaranty that it is what it professes to be, a HOME ENTERPRIZE, offering ample and liberal protection against loss by fire, &c., on the most easy and liberal terms to insurers.

The Twenty Thousand Dollars in N. C. Bonds required by the Charter to be deposited with the Public Treasurer, have promptly been so deposited and the Treasurer's receipt therefor obtained.

No other Company offers greater inducements to Insurers.

Now is the time for all who feel any interest in a Home Institution to come forward and encourage this Company—receiving, as they will, reciprocal benefit in the enhancement of value and protectien of their property.

For further particulars, address the Secretary, or consult General or Local Agents, who will, in due time, be announced.

☞ALL LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.

Feb 11. 406 4t

Spartanburg and Union R. R.

Change of Schedule.

ON and after 2d November, 1868, the passenger trains will leave Spartanburg Court House, on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 A. M., and arrive at Alston at 1 20 P. M., connecting with the Greenville down train, and trains for Charlotte and Charleston.

On Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, the up passenger trains connecting with the Greenville up trains, will leave Alston at 9 A. M., and arrive at Spartanburg Court House at 3.20 P. M., as per following schedule.

	Miles.	*Down Train.* Arrive,	Leave,	*Up Train* Arrive,	Leave,
SPARTANBURG,	00	00.00	7.00	3.20	00.00
Pacolett,	10	7.45	7.48	2.32	2.35
Jonesville,	19	8.25	8.30	1.50	1.55
Unionville,	28	9.15	9.40	12.40	1.05
Santuc,	37	10.16	10.21	12.03	12.08
Shelton,	48	11.10	11.12	11.06	11.08
Lylesford	52	11 36	11.38	10.39	10.42
Strother,	56	12.02	12.05	10.12	10.15
Alston,	68	1.20	00.00	00.00	9.00

THOS. B. JETER, President.
Unionville, S. C., Feb. 4, '69. 405 tf

Change of Scheduleon G. C. R. R.

ON and after WEDNESDAY, the 12th instant, Passenger Trains will run daily, Sundays excepted, connecting with the Night Train on South Carolina and Charlotte and South Carolina Railroads, as follows:

Leave Columbia at.....7.00 a. m.
" Alston at.....8.40 "
" Newberry at.....10.10 "
Arrive at Abbeville at.....3.00 p. m.
" at Anderson at.....4.20 "
" at Greenville at.....5.00 "
Leave Greenville at.....5.45 a. m.
" Anderson at.....6.25 "
" Abbeville at.....8.00 "
Newberry at.....12.35 p. m.
" Alston at.....2.15 "
Arrive at Columbia at.....3.45 "

Trains on the Blue Ridge Railroad will also run daily, Sundays excepted.

Leave Anderson at.....4.30 p. m.
" Pendleton at.....5.30 "
Arrive at Walhalla at.....7.30 "
Leave Walhalla at.....3.30 a. m.
" Pendleton at.....5.30 "
Arrive at Anderson at.....6.20 "

The train will return from Belton to Anderson on Monday and Friday mornings.

JAMES O. MEREDITH, General Superintendent.
Feb. 4. 405

DISSOLUTION.

THE FIRM of Alexander, Roberts & Co., has been dissolved by mutual consent.

All persons indebted to the Firm are requested to call on JAMES P. SAWYER and make settlement, *at once*, as it is necessary to close up the affairs of the firm immediately. THIS NOTICE IS INTENDED FOR ALL WHO OWE US.

JAMES M. ALEXANDER.
GOOD M. ROBERTS.
JOHN E. RAY.
March 25th 1869. 413

FRIENDS OF TEMPERANCE.

ASHEVILLE COUNCIL, No. 4, Friends of Temperance, holds its meetings in Temperance Hall, every Tuesday evening.

Members of the Council, and transient brethren cordially invited to attend.

By order of the Council.

ROBT. B. VANCE, *Pres't.*
J. S. ADAMS, *Sec'y.*
July 23, 1868. 378 tf

MARCUS ERWIN. M. E. CARTER.

ERWIN & CARTER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

Will practice together in the Counties comprising the Eleventh and Twelfth Judicial Districts.

April 15. 415 3m

[NO. 8.]

VALUABLE RESIDENCE IN THE TOWN OF ASHEVILLE, FOR SALE.

The house contains nine upright rooms, with 3 cellar rooms. The Lot contains 3½ Acres of Land. On the premises is a Spring of Fine Water, a Blacksmith's Shop, and other outbuildings. The Blacksmith Shop may be excluded in the sale, if desired by the purchaser. This property will be sold cheap, and possession given at once. For further particulars apply to R. M. Stokes, W. N. C. Land Agency, Asheville, N. C.

January, 1869.

Support Your Own Papers!

NOW IS THE TIME

TO SUBSCRIBE

FOR THE

ASHEVILLE NEWS AND FARMER,

A LIVE NEWSPAPER,

DEVOTED TO

Agriculture,

General News,

Domestic Economy,

AND

General Literature

THE BEST INTERESTS OF

Western North Carolina

WILL BE

DEFENDED.

HER

RAILROADS

AND HER

MECHANICS

HER

COMMERCIAL

And all other Interests

WILL BE

ADVOCATED.

THE ELETION IS OVER.

NOW LET US

GO TO WORK,

AND

MAKE OUR MOUNTAINS

"Blossom as the Rose."

EAGLE HOTEL.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

WM. P. BLAIR, Proprietor.

THIS HOUSE has been long, well and favorably known to the travelling public.

The undersigned, on reopening the Hotel, desires only to assure the public that every attention necessary to the comfort of its patrons, in his power, will be cheerfully rendered.

WM. P. BLAIR.
Asheville, April 11, 1867. tf

SADDLERY

AND

HARNESS MAKING.

THE undersigned having removed his Saddle and Harness Shop from the old Stand to the Corner of Main and Haywood Streets, is now prepared to furnish everything in his line, at the shortest notice, and executed in the best style of workmanship.

Having received an extensive Stock of the very best Materials, he feels confident he can execute any work required satisfactorily to all who may favor him with their patronage.

All Work Warranted.

W. M. FARRISS.
June 11, 1868. 372 tf

J. D. HYMAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

AND

SOLICITOR IN BANKRUPTCY.

Will attend promptly to any business entrusted to his hands.

OFFICE, HENDERSONVILLE, N. C.
August 20, 1868. 382 tf

A. T. & T. F. DAVIDSON,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

AND

SOLICITORS IN BANKRUPTCY.

WILL give prompt attention to all Professional business in Western North Carolina.

OFFICES AT

FRANKLIN, N. C., and ASHEVILLE, N. C.
Jan. 30. 356 tf

BATESVILLE

MANUFA TURING COMPANY.

HAVING received the Agency for the sale of Cloths and Yarns made by this Company, we are ready to supply dealers at Factory pricee.

DAVID & STRADLEY,
Wholesale Grocers, and
Commission Merchants.
GREENVILLE, S. C.
Nov. 7. 345 tf

J. W. SCHARTLE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

CUTTING

Done promptly and accurately, and all pieces marked, so that the maker can insure

GOOD FITS.

All work warranted to be of the neatest and most fashionable style.

Prices for cutting, the same as before the war.

Asheville, Oct. 17. 342 tf.

LIFE, FIRE, INLAND

AND

MARINE INSURANCE

EFFECTED BY

E. J. ASTON,

Insurance Agent, Asheville, N. C.

REPRESENTING

THE ATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF BROOKLYN, N. Y.
ASSETTS,..... $498,081.
THE SELMA UNDERWRITERS' AGENCY,
ASSETTS,..... $730,000.
THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF HARTFORD.
ACCUMULATED ASSETTS January 31st, 1867, $13,826,839.94.

LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED.
Dec. 5. 349 tf

Insure Your Life in the

Brooklyn Life Insurance

COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY,..... $1,000,000.

Insures Policies of all Kinds, Life and Endowment.

Dividends declared and paid annually *in Cash.*

No restriction upon travel on the face of the Globe.

Part of the premium loaned, and no loan or premium note is a lien or claim on the Policy in case of death after second year. All Policies

Positively Non-Forfeitable.

CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK, *President.*
WILLIAM M. COLE, *Secretary.*
ROBT. B. VANCE, Asheville, N. C., Agent, for Western North Carolina.
July 2, 1868. 375 tf

DAIRY FARM FOR SALE.

1500 Acres---All Under Fence.

500 *Acres l eared, and well set in Orchard Grass. Timothy and clover.*

SPRINGS IN ABUNDANCE.

Branches Running in Every Direction.

One-half, or more, of the uncleared land is rich Cove land.

Five good Cabins on the place. This Farm is one of the best in the country for Sheep Raising, Grazing and Dairy purposes. Payments made easy. Apply to

R. M. STOKES,
Western N. C. Land Agency,
Asheville, N. C.

☞I have also a number of other excellent Farms for sale, ranging from 100 to 2500 acres in size, and from $1 to $10 per acre.

R. M. STOKES, *Agent.*

BOYDEN HOTEL,

SALISBURY, N. C.,

BOARD, PER DAY, $3 00.

OMNIBUS FREE.

C. S. BROWN,

J. J. BELL, *Superintendent.* *Proprietor.*
Aug. 20, 1868. 382 tf

RAGS! RAGS!

WE will pay a fair price in Cash for clean white Rags. Or we will take Rags in pay or subscription to the *News and Farmer.*

R. M. STOKES.

What is this? absorbs me, quite
Improves my spirit, quickens sight,
Oh, tell me! tis the "QUEEN'S DELIGHT."

FOR THE

BLOOD! BLOOD!! BLOOD!!!

OF all the medicines known to the world, none have been attended with such marked appreciation by the profession and the people, on account of its extraordinary cures as

"Heinitsh's Queen's Delight."

Now is the time above all others to renovate the system, Invigorate the organs and cleanse out those perilous spots, pimples, corrupt sores, which pollute the life of the blood, and render your body a loathsome thing. They are the precursors of a diseased blood, and will assume a much more formidable shape, if allowed to go on unchecked. The QUEEN'S DELIGHT, the only real blood purifier that has ever been invented, as thousands will to-day attest, is offered to the afflicted as a positive remedy for all diseases flowing from a vitiated condition of the system.

THE LIFE OF THE FLESH IS PURE BLOOD. Upon this theory alone the inventor of the Queen's Delight establishes the great hygienic law, WITHOUT PURE BLOOD NO FLESH IS FREE FROM DISEASE. The Pale and Shrunken Forms, Yellow Faces, Weak Stomachs, Diseased Livers, Crippled Rheumatics, Nervous Hypochondriacs, Dyspeptic Victims of Headache, so common in this country, is owing entirely to the humors of the blood. Very many other diseases may be traced to bad blood, Scrofula or King's Evil, Erysipelas, Exantheme or Elevure, a rash or eruption on females; Blotches, Tetter, Goitre or Swelled Neck, Syphilis or Syphilitic Sores, Strumous Ulcers, &c.—These cannot be cured without purifying the blood. Now as to the remedy. There is no other blood purifier that will accomplish such positive and extraordinary cures as Heinitsh's Queen's Delight. You may take a barrel of extract Sarsaparilla, and still you will not be cured; and, as a proof of it, look around and you will observe the country, throughout its length and breadth, is flooded with compound Sarsaparillas, extracts and syrups, claiming to be blood purifiers, and yet we see to-day more evidence of impurity of the blood than ever.—Why is this? Simply because these extracts and Sarsaparillas are worthless medicines.

The Queen's Delight is a new compound, and is now the great blood medicine; sanctioned by the profession, patronized by the highest dignitaries of the land, endorsed by everybody.

In the brief period of twelve months, over 3,000 cases have been treated so successfully as to entitle it to be the wonder of the age.

For debility, prostration, nervousness, mental depression, impaired digestion, loss of appetite, restlessness, want of vital force Low, spirits; it is more invigorating and strengthening than all the compounds of bark or bitters. As a liver invigorator, it is of inestimable value. As a stimulant it is safer and surer than all the rum and whiskey tonics of the day, and if you value your life and health a pin's fee, avoid these quickening stimulants to the grave and use the Queen's Delight. Ask for Heinitsh's Queen's Delight. This is not the Extract of Stellingia or Queen's Delight, nor is it a compound Syrup of Queen's Delight, or Sarsaparilla and Queen's Delight, but simply Heinitsh's Queen's Delight is the trade mark. Ask for this if you want to be cured, and see that the name of E. H. Heinitsh is on the wrapper.

Prepared only by E. H. Heinitsh. Wholesole agents. FISHER & HEINITSH,
Columbia, S. C
And for sale by E. J. ASTON,
Asheville, N. C.
July 2. 375 tf

Western North Carolina LAND AGENCY.

I HAVE received lately, a large number of letters from persons who wish to purchase Lands in this section, but am unable to give positive answers to them. I have therefore concluded to open an office, in the town of Asheville for the

Purchase and Sale of Lands in Western North arolina.

Persons having lands, Town Lots, or other Real Estate for Sale, will have great advantages for bringing their lands into notice, through this Agency, among those who *really wish to purchase.*

All who desire to sell, will please call at the office of the *News and Farmer*, where blank descriptions of Lands are ready for them to fill, and terms of Agency defined.

In order to facilitate the sale of Lands, I shall issue Monthly the "Land Register," in which a full description of Lands placed in my hands for sale will be given, and the "Register" sent to all parts of the South, and particularly to those who write to us for information, free of charge.

There are a large number of persons now living in those portions of the South where the negro element is in the ascendency, who are desirous of removing to this section. They know nothing of the Lands for sale, but would undoubtedly settle among us, if they could obtain proper information.

No charge will be made for Advertising or other expenses, until sales are made, when a per centage on sales will be charged.

R. M. STOKES.
October 22. 391 tf

[NO. 1.]

FINE GRASS AND FRUIT LANDS IN MADISON COUNTY.

2,500 *Acres, more or less, in Madison County, N. C.*

We are authorized to sell the above number of acres of the finest Mountain Lands, situated in Madison County, within 3 miles of the French Broad Branch of the Western North Carolina R. R., which is now being located, and is expected to be put under contract for building in 3 months.

It has a number of small streams running through it, and the land is peculiarly adapted to all kinds of grasses, which makes this tract one of the best for STOCK Raising. The Timber on it is mostly Hickory, Lynn, Chestnut, Poplar, Black and White Oak.

The land is well adapted to Apples, all the Root Crops, Buckwheat, Rye, Oats, Wheat and Corn.

For information address R. M. Stokes, Western N. C. Land Agency, Asheville, N. C.

Price of the above land $1 per acre.

January, 1869.

Ladies' Sewing Society.

THE Ladies of the Asheville Presbyterian Church have organized a Sewing Society, for the purpose of raising funds to assist one or more poor young men who are desirous of studying for the Gospel Ministry, but have not the means.

Every description of sewing will be executed promptly and in the neatest manner.

The Society meets every Thursday evening at 3½ o'clock, at the residence of the President Mrs. R. M. STOKES.

All work left with the President will ensure prompt attention.

ANNA TENNENT, *Sec'y.*
Dec. 17. 399 tf

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING

AT THE

News and Farmer Office,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING EXECUTED in the best style, at the shortest notice, and as cheap as possible.

Pamphlets, Cards, Hand-Bills, Circulars, Bill Heads, Lawyers' Blanks.

PRINTING IN COLORS NEATLY EXECUTED.

GIVE US A TRIAL.

R. M. STOKES, *Proprietor*

[NO. 2.]

A Fine Buncombe Farm

100 *Acres of good Land for a General Farm.*

This land is situated in Buncombe County, N. C., on the McDowell Road, 3 miles from the Hickory Nut Road.

30 ACRES are under fence. 40 Acres are cleared. 60 Acres are in Woodland, consisting of Hickory, Oak, Chestnut, and Pine Timber.

Clover and other grasses will grow luxuriantly upon it. Wheat, Corn, Rye, Potatoes, Cabbages and every other kind of vegetables can be grown luxuriantly upon it.

APPLES, Pears, Cherries and Plums can be raised in perfection. There is now a small orchard started on it, with 25 of the choicest Apple Trees and a number of Peach Trees.

A good school within half a mile of the land. Methodist and Baptist Churches, from 3 to 4½ miles.

WATER. The water courses run so admirably through it that water can be secured to each field.

IMPROVEMENTS. A comfortable Log House, with two rooms, Smoke House, Barn, Stable and Corn Crib. All the out houses are Log buildings, but comfortable.

Address R. M. Stokes, W. N. C. Land Ageney, Asheville, N. C It can be bought at low figures.

January, 1869.

[NO. 3.]

HOTEL TO RENT.

I am authorized to rent one of the best located Hotels in Western North Carolina. It contains 20 sleeping rooms, a large dining room and a good reception room. 10 of the bed-rooms are furnished. Attached to the Hotel are a good Kitchen, three or four out-buildings, a fine Garden, and one of the best Orchards in the country.

It is one of the oldest Hotel Stands in this section, and in the hands of an able and energetic Landlord, will command a profitable business.

To a good Tenant the rent will be remarkably low. Address, R. M. Stokes' W. N. C. Land Agency, Asheville, N. C.

January, 1869.

[NO. 4.]

VALUABLE HOUSE AND LOT IN THE TOWN OF ASHEVILLE.

I offer for sale an elegant Residence in the town of Asheville, Buncombe County, N. C.—This residence is so situated as to command almost an entire view of the town and of the surrounding mountain district, with grand scenery.

The house is built of brick, of the cottage gothic style,—containing, in basement, two rooms, with an entry; stairs leading to 2nd story, where there are two elegant rooms and three in the upper story. Six fire-places in the house. In the yard there is a neat office, suitable for study or library, a smoke house, servants' house, stables, etc. There are two beautiful groves of forest trees in the front yard.—Also attached, an excellent young orchard of Peach trees. The lot contains about fifteen acres, a portion of which is well set in grass.

Apply to R. M. Stokes' W. N. C. Land Agency, Asheville, N. C.

January, 1869.

[NO. 5.]

2,530 ARES OF LAND!

IN MADISON COUNTY, N. C.

We are authorized to sell the above number of acres of the finest Mountain lands, situated in Madison county, 12 miles from Marshall, (the county-seat,)20 from the Greenville, Tenn., R.R. Depot, and 4 from the French Broad River, down which runs the F. B. Railroad, (uncompleted.) Big Laurel and a number of creeks and branches pass through the land; and though it has never been tested, there is supposed to be Copper in abundance on it. One-half of the mineral interest will be reserved in the title to the purchaser.

The property is beautifully situated for Stock-raising, having an abundance of the best range and water in Western N. Carolina, with sufficient meadow to winter any amount of stock.

About 50 acres are cleared, and all the remainder timbered with all the best varieties of wood. The soil is adapted to the growth of all cereals, particularly Wheat and Grasses,—the latter spontaneously.

The improvements consist of only a few small cabins.

This property will be sub-divided to suit purchasers. Separate surveys and plats, made by county surveyors, may be seen at R. M. Stokes' Land Agency, Asheville, N. C.

January, 1869.

[NO. 6.]

A RARE CHANCE FOR A GOOD AND CHEAP FARM IN BUNCOMBE CO., N. C.

200 ACRES, 3 miles from Asheville, and two miles from the W. N. C. R. R., which is now being pushed forward as rapidly as possible.

IMPROVEMENTS. A comfortable Log Cabin, with 4 rooms, Smoke and Spring Houses, two Stables, Barn, Chicken House, and a Tenant House.

The land is well watered, having two good Branches running through it and a bold Spring of the finest water near the dwelling.

THE GRASSES.—The land is adapted to Clover and other Grasses, Oats valuable for a Stock Farm. Corn, Apples grow and almost every variety of vegetables luxuriantly on it.

There are 8 or 10 acres of Meadow Land in this tract; 40 acres under cultivation, over 100 acres in fine Oak, Hickory and Pine woodland. As the Railroad will soon be put under contract this woodland will be very profitable.—There are also many lots of Branch Bottoms on it. Churches from 1 to 2 miles distant.

Indications of Mineral are very marked on many parts of the land.

There is a small ORCHARD, of Fifty Summer and Apple Trees, and about 30 Peach Trees.

This land can be bought cheap, if applied for soon. Address, R. M. Stokes' W. N. C. Land Agency, Asheville, N. C.

January, 1869.

[NO. 7.]

FINE LANDS AT THE FOOT OF PAINT MOUNTAIN FOR SALE.

2,000 to 2,600 Acres of Excellent land suitable for a fine Stock Farm, about ten miles from the celebrated Warm Springs, in Madison County, N. C., and 15 miles from Greenville, Tenn.

About 100 Acres in cultivation, which produces fine Wheat, Oats, &c. Several hundred acres of excellent Farming Land, in the woods, the remainder in fine Mountain land that will make first class pasture.

There is a good dwelling on this place.

Large quantities of IRON ORE, that must become valuable in a short time. It will be sold cheap for cash. Apply to R. M. Stokes, Land Agent, Asheville, N. C.

January, 1869.

[NO. 9.]

FINE LANDS IN MACON COUNTY, N. C.

400 ACRES of the finest quality of Lands for Dairy purposes, near Franklin, in Macon County, N. C.

This tract is directly on a Turnpike road, and within a few miles of the Blue Ridge Railroad, which, it is now determined to finish. This tract is perfectly level, with good water-power on it, and could be made a most valuable place.

This land can be purchased at $2.25 an acre, *cash.* The wood on it is worth double the money, for making potash. Address, R. M. Stokes' W. N. C. Land Agency, Asheville, N. C.

January, 1869.